THE NAPANEE EXPRESS

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NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA FRIDAY, JULY 2nd, 1920.

DOXSEE & CO.

MILLINERY

Hats for warm summer days of Organdy, Milan, Straws, Hemp, and Georgette—pretty color combinations and very new styles. Sports as well as Dress Hats, all most becomingly trimmed.

NOVELTY BLOUSES

Georgette only—not two alike, embroidered and bead trimmed.

LADIES HOSIERY

Special values in White, Grey, and Black—sizes 9, 9½, and 10.

Special Values in Corsets and Neckwear.

The Leading Millinery House

1869 — 600 BRANCHES — 1919

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

THE BANK FOLLOWS A LIBERAL POLICY IN EXTENDING CREDIT TO FARMERS

If you are going to need a loan to buy seed or live stock, see the Manager of the nearest branch of the Royal Bank early about your requirements.

This is an invitation to call at the Royal Bank the next time you are in town.

CAPITAL AND RESERVE

.....$35,000,000

TOTAL RESOURCES.....

.....$470,000,000

The Royal Bank of Canada has now received all Bonds of the 1979 Victory Loan. Subscribers are asked to kindly present their subscription receipts and obtain their bonds at once.

LIVE STOCK

Loans to purchase Pure Bred Sires made to responsible farmers, at lowest current rates.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA ESTD 1873

Habits

SPENDING is a habit easily acquired but difficult to relinquish. The saving habit is just as easy to acquire, and, once formed, is not readily given up.

Our Savings Dept. helps to make it easy for you to become thrifty.

THE

STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits $9,360,537.09.

NAPANEE BRANCH

R. R. WHITE - - MANAGER

BRANCHES ALSO AT: BELLEVILLE, BRIGHTON, CAMDEN EAST, DESERONTO, MARYSVILLE, NEWBURGH, PICTON, SELBY, TRENTON, KINGSTON

Do Not Fail to See the Demonstration

Barnet Refrigerators

One of these Refrigerators in our window was locked and sealed on June 24th by F. G. Dunning, the representative of the "Barnet" Refrigerator Co. There was placed in it—milk, onions, fish, butter, matches, salt, fruit, cigars, candy, cakes, etc. It will be opened for public inspection by two of our townsmen, on Monday, June 28th, at 3 p.m. All are cordially invited to come and bring their friends and see conditions of ice, etc.

DAVY & ALLISON,

Next to Caton's.

Summer time means kodak time —no holiday or trip is complete without a kodak. For sale in Napanee only at WALLACE'S.

SWITZERVILLE

The county Sunday School Convention was held in the church here and was well attended. Miss Laine, of Toronto, delivered splendid addresses.

Mr. H. Purcell, of Colebrooke, has been visiting at Peters'.

C. W. Neville, of Kingston, attended the Sunday School Convention here.

A meeting of the Social Club was held at the home of Mrs. M. F. Wilson, and was much enjoyed.

A large number attended the raising of Crozier's barn last week.

J. M. Spafford and family, and Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Kaylor, Morven, spent a Sunday recently at J. S. Asselstine's, Kingston.

The base ball team is practicing two or three nights a week.

The recent rains have added much to the beauty of the country and the growth of the hay.

Tablets for scours in calves, for sale at WALLACE'S. Mail or phone orders promptly filled.

PLEASANT VALLEY

Mrs. Fred Smith, and Jean, spent last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Cuthill, Anderson's.

Mr. E. Lasher had the misfortune to scald his foot, but is much better at time of writing.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Pringle called Wednesday evening at Mr. Roy Robertson's.

Mrs. Frank Vandehogart motored to Kingston with friends on Thursday afternoon of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Morley Creighton and baby, at Mr. Milford Dupree's Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gillett and family of Belleville, visited recently at Mr. E. P. Smith's.

Mr. and Mrs. Lester Richards and family, Wooler, and Mrs. D. B. Preston, Trenton, motored down and spent Sunday of last week at Mr. Garfield Sills.

Mr. and Mrs. De-more Davis visited Sunday at Mr. Eslie Smith's.

Miss Rosa Lee town, is spending a few days with her friend, Mrs. John Cline.

Mrs. E. P. Smith, Mrs. Fred Smith, and Jean, attended Miss Ila Card's garden party Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree called Sunday evening at Mr. Earl Salisbury's.

Mr. and Mrs. Garfield Sills called Sunday afternoon at Mr. Ray Robertson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Dean, of Bethany, and Mr. and Mrs. Z. Dean, Mcdougall, Belleville, Sunday of last week and visited Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Alexander.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor visited Monday at Will. Conger's, town.

Mrs. Byron Rose, and son, Escott, Deseronto road, spent one day last week at Mr. E. Lasher's.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Vandehogart motored to Belleville with Mr. and Mrs. E. Boyle on Sunday.

Mrs. Eslie Smith spent Saturday at Mr. Z. Dean's.

Mrs. Dean has been ill with bronchitis, but is better at time of writing.

Miss Eileen Pringle and Mrs. John Frisken spent Wednesday at Mr. Adam Frisken's, Selby.

Mrs. G. Sills called Tuesday afternoon at Mr. Eslie Smith's.

The pupils who tried examinations at this school were successful.

We are sorry to lose our teacher, Mr. Henderson, who is going to Normal after holidays.

Bread Up Again

Why not get 100 lbs. of Purity Flour at H. W. KELLY'S and bake and have wholesome bread, besides reducing the high cost of living.

Undoubtedly the largest seller of any face cream, "Arbutus Peroxide Cream." Compare it with other makes and you'll find the reason lies in its delicate fragrance and the smoothness it imparts to the skin. Sold in Napanee at WALLACE'S.

A CAR JUST HERE

—OF—

Bran, Shorts, Cream-of-West, King's Quality and Robinhood Flours.

Ground Corn and Oats. Shoemaker Feed, Whole Oats, Wheat and Buckwheat Seed, Millet and Corn.

A few Bags Sugar and Potatoes, also Binder Twine.—COME HERE FOR BARGAINS.

FRED. A. PERRY,

Dundas Street,

NAPANEE, - ONTARIO.

Opposite Campbell House.

The Napanee Branch

Great War Veterans' Association

Meets every 2nd and 4th Wednesdays of each month.

Clubrooms situated in Harshaw Block, Dundas St.

UNVEILING OF THE MEMORIAL MONUMENT

A LARGE GATHERING IN FRONT OF THE COURT HOUSE ON THURSDAY MORNING

County and township councillors and officials, Great War veterans, the clergy of the county, the school children of Napanee, and a great gathering of relatives and friends of the fallen heroes, and citizens of the county gathered at the Court House on Thursday morning to see the unveiling of the magnificent monument erected by the county to perpetuate the memory of the soldiers from this county who have made the supreme sacrifice.

It is estimated that eight thousand people were present.

The monument was draped with a large Union Jack, and a stand had been erected immediately behind it for the accommodation of the speakers. Seats were also provided on the lawn for the school children, while the court house steps were occupied by relatives of the fallen men, and councillors and officials.

After the singing of "O Canada" by the massed choirs and school children, accompanied by the 15th R. W. O. R. band, Warden Adams introduced Major (Rev) W. E. Kidd to offer prayer.

The children and choir followed with a hymn.

Colonel Hill in a short but eloquent address reminded the gathering of the services rendered Canada and the empire by the soldiers of Canada, not only those in whose memory the monument was erected, but also those who have returned.

Brigadier Gen. Ross, in a short address, eulogized the work of Canada in the second battalion to which a number of the fallen men belonged. The battalion which was raised in this district was the first Canadian unit to meet the Germans. Speaking of the Canadian boys he had seen them injured, dying, buried in hospital, and dying, but complaint was not heard.

Rev. Capt. Nicholson followed with a short address and prayer, and the ceremony was completed by the piper playing a dirge, the buglers of the Naval Brigade blowing the last post, and the band playing "God Save the King."

It is the committee in charge of the ceremonies unstinted praise should be given for the completeness of their arrangements, and the judgement exercised in carrying to completion the erection and unveiling of the memorial. The County Clerk Wilson fell the task of looking after the details of the ceremony and he has been indefatigable in carrying out every detail was looked after.

It is to be regretted that neither Gen. Hughes nor Lt. Gen. Elmsley were able to be present.

Following the ceremony the guests of the county, the county councillors, the band, and the naval brigade were entertained at a splendid lunch in the armouries prepared by the ladies of the I. O. D. E.

At the conclusion of the lunch toasts to the King, the I.O.D.E., and the Navy were proposed.

Brig. Gen. Ross responded on behalf of the I.O.D.E., and Dr. Evans on behalf of the Naval Brigade.

Get prices of McCormick Binders, Mowers and Rakes. Also we have two second-hand Binders cheap. SPENCER & ROSE, Market Hotel. 31-c-p

DENBIGH

Miss Alma Kleim, who has for a couple of years been employed in Cleveland, O., has arrived home for the summer to help her parents on the farm during the busy season.

Rowe F. Rogers, who has been attending the last meeting of the County Council in Napanee, is also home again.

So is Rev. C. F. Christiansen, who was away in Ayton attending the annual sessions of the Lutheran Synod of Canada, which were held there this year.

Mr. Edward Petzold also arrived home last Thursday from a pleasant visit to his brother, Emil, in Noramby. He also called on a few other relatives and friends who were former citizens of Denbigh, but have made their homes in Western Ontario, and enjoyed his visits to all of them very much.

Performing statute labor is now the chief order of the day, and work has also been started again on this end of the road leading to Denbigh road, under Mr. William Head, of Cloyne, as overseer. Mr. W. Pringle, of Arden, Deputy Road Inspector, made an inspection of the work done and the changes to be made. He was accompanied by Mr. Wm. Black, our esteemed M. P. P.

Mr. Arthur Cranshaw, now of Wolfe Island, spent a few days here at his old home, partly on business.

Pure boiler Oil and genuine white Lead always in stock at lowest prices at **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

"I can do all things, through Christ which strengtheneth me." Phil. 4-13; "Be careful for nothing; but in everything by prayer and supplication, with thanksgiving let your requests be made known unto God." Phil. 4-6; "But my God shall supply all your need, according to His riches in glory, by Christ Jesus." Phil. 4-19.

A BIBLE LOVER.

I. O. D. E. TO GIVE MANY BURSARIES

War Memorial Scheme Provides Education for Soldier's, Sailors and Air Men's Children

The war memorial scheme of the Imperial Order, Daughters of the Empire, designed to perpetuate the memory of the men and women who gave their lives in the Great War and to increase the educational facilities for children of deceased and totally disabled soldiers, sailors and air men, as announced last autumn was of such scope as to arouse the wonder and admiration of the public.

After nearly a year's work by the committee appointed to deal with the carrying out of the plan, the following statement has been issued with regard to the bursaries offered in Canadian Universities. 9 bursaries, one for each Province, will be offered annually for a period of 18 years. For these only the sons and daughters of deceased and permanently disabled soldiers, sailors and men of the air force are eligible. These bursaries will be of the value of $250 per anum, tenable for 4 years, provided the holder passes in due order the successive examinations of each year.

The claim to compete for these bursaries will be decided in each Province by a committee of selection, consisting of three members of the I. O. D. E. and two or more educationists chosen by the I. O. D. E. members. In selecting the candidates the committee of selection will take into consideration their general record and standing in the high school, and the circumstances of their family.

The candidates selected by the committee will write the junior pass matriculation examination for McGill University in 1920 and University of Montreal in 1921, and the bursaries will be awarded on the basis of the marks obtained at that examination.

In the event of two candidates in a Province gaining the same number of marks, the I. O. D. E. representatives will reserve the right to make the award. The choice of a University will be left to the scholar. These bursaries may be tenable with other University scholarships. Every candidate for a bursary is required to furnish to the Provincial committee of selection the following: (a) Certificate of birth. (b) Certified evidence of the fact that he or she is the son or daughter, as the case may be, of a deceased sailor, or member of the air force. (c) A written statement from the principal of the school he or she has attended as to good character and industry, also that his or her application as a candidate is approved. (d) A written statement as to his or her purpose of taking a University course. (e) References to not more than three responsible persons whose addresses must be given in full, and of whom one must be a teacher, under whom he or she has studied. Anyone desiring to compete for a bursary in this locality should apply through his or her school to Miss M. T. Harshaw, regent of E. L. chapter I. O. D. E., when application forms will be sent.

The Travels of the Chinese Egg.

That China exported, in 1918, some 5,664,000 more fresh eggs than in 1917 is an interesting indication of the growing cosmopolitanism of the China egg, not, to be sure, the deceptive and fndestructible china egg that human ingenuity invented to fool the hen, but the real China egg laid by a Chinese hen yard and gathered, one likes to imagine, by the Chinese farmer's daughter. To the average Canadian, China, no doubt, still seems a long way to go for an egg; but an expert has been devoting hours, and, very likely, days in Tientsin to studying the egg-producing industry of that district; and he reveals the Chinese egg as a great traveler. Originally the eggs traveled without their shells, for the dried egg entered into international commerce some time before the fresh egg first started on what might fairly be called its individual journey. As the industry began with an equipment of trays and drums for drying the eggs, which imparted also a metallic content to the product, the earlier stages of the business were handicapped by its methods, and Chinese ingenuity soon needs invent a method of blowing an egg into a heated chamber in a fine spray, which was transformed into powder that contained nothing but egg. So nowadays a continuous procession of egg shells is emptied, and millions of pounds of dried eggs are produced for exportation to foreign cooks, bakers, and confectioners. Exportation of fresh eggs followed, and among the war the proportion of fresh eggs increased, and that of dried eggs diminished. And now, before long, the real China egg will be exported in the shell. The drawback with a cold-storage equipment for eggs will presently be voyaging between Tientsin and Vancouver.

Herding Caribou With Airplanes.

Manipulation of the countless thousands of barren lands caribou and musk oxen by use of the airplane is the scheme of W. B. Perry Jarvis in planning the best means of herding these animals. It is Jarvis' theory that aviators act as drovers and as the herds come down in the autumn drive them against the shores of the Hudson Bay and down along the coast behind a strong fence built from a point above Port Nelson, the tidewater terminal of the Hudson Bay Railway. Once they are jammed between the sea and the fence he expects to segregate the sexes, and the does could be let through a gateway and given their freedom, while the fat bucks could be driven to the Hudson Bay Railway and there slaughtered and shipped out to the Canadian markets.

TOWN COUNCIL MEETING

Council Chamber,

June 29th, 1920.

Council met in adjourned session on Tuesday evening, Mayor J. E. Robinson presiding.

Members present—Reeve Graham, and Councillors Paul, Ming, Roblin, and Boyes.

Notification was received from the County Clerk that the rate of assessment this year is 13 mills on an equalized assessment of $880,000.00 for the Town of Napanee, which levy for Napanee will amount to $11,544.00.

Ordered filed.

A by-law to strike the rate for the current year was given its several readings, signed, sealed, numbered and finally passed, the rate being struck at 12½ mills for school rates, 25 mills for general purposes, 1 mill for patriotic purposes and 1¼ mills for local improvement rates, making a total of 40 mills on the dollar.

Following are the estimated receipts and expenditures for the year 1920:

RECEIPTS

Uncollected taxes on 1919 roll Jan. 1, 1920	2541	13
Lease of market tolls..	275	00
Licenses.....	700	00
Rents.....	250	00
Hydrant rental, county.	50	00
Fines and Fees.....	100	00
Street Sprinkling.....	1000	00
County grants, roads..	3976	00
Int. from bank.....	25	00
Sweets, sale of dirt..	125	00
School rates 12½ mills on $1,709,180. Deb. $381.08		
..... 21,003.67	21364	75
General rates, 25 mills on $1,647,230.....	41,180	75
Patriotic rates, 1 mill on $1,709,180.....	1,709	18
Town's share Local Improvement rates 1¼ mills on $1,647,230..	2470	85
Local Improvement rates	1877	52
Cash on hand.....	2057	04
Farmers' Dairy Com. any Limited for tile..	205	23
Sale of old sprinkler...	100	00
Sale of old crusher....	125	00
Due from the late Harvey Warner Trust Fund.....	350	00
Balance unprovided for	442	22
	$80,924	67

EXPENDITURES.....

Debentures Int., Dibb estate note.. $748.00		
Deb. prin.... $3,812.50		
Deb. int.... 4939.36	10968	87
County rate for 1920 13 mills on $888,000.00	11544	00
Salaries.....	6500	00
Local Board of Health.	400	00
Elections.....	200	00
Street sprinkling.....	1250	00
Streets.....	9000	00
Fire Water and Light— (a) lighting and repairs and pub bldgs $3400.00 (b) Waterworks Co..... 5600.00		
(c) fire alarm maintenance 250.00	6000	00
(d Contingent 250.00	1000	00
Town Property.....	450	00
Printing and By-laws..	200	00
Market and Police.....	200	00
Poor and Sanitary....	100	00
Insurance.....	300	00
Grant to Pub. Library..	250	00
Grant Citizens' Band ..		
Grants to Charitable Institutions— (a To Mu-skoka Free Hospital $25.00 (b To National Institution for blind..... 50.00 (c To National Sanitarium..... 50.00 (d To General Hospital 300.00	425	00
Grant to Bay Ferry	100	00
Uncollectable taxes ..	500	00
Mun. Bathing Pavilions	300	00
Merchants Bank overdraft.....	8000	00
Int. at Merchants Bank on overdrafts.....	800	00
The E. A. James Co.,..	250	00
Contingent.....	1500	00
Contingent approp.....	7368	00
Collegiate Institute....	13219	00
Public Schools.....		
	$80,924	67

Moved by Councillor Boyes, seconded by Coun. Roblin, that the auditor be instructed to prepare a by-law making the taxes payable on or before August 15th, at par. Carried.

ACCOUNTS

Hydro-Electric.....	$ 3	49
Napanee Iron Works....	150	00
C. E. VanLuven.....	69	90

On motion the County Council were granted the use of the chairs from the town hall for the Unveiling Ceremonies at the court house.

On motion the County Council were granted the privilege of closing the streets adjacent to the court house on July 1st.

Council adjourned.

A few things necessary for the picnic or outing: A Thermos bottle or lunch kit, a box of Elizabeth Best Chocolates, a package of oiled paper for sandwiches, a set of Enterprise table cloth and napkins, (price 20 cts.), and to complete the picture, a kodak—all these at WALLACE'S.

GLYCERINE MIXTURE PREVENTS APPENDICITIS

Simple glycerine, buckthorn bark, etc., as mixed in Adler-i-ka, removes all foul, accumulated poisonous matter from BOTH upper and lower bowel and prevents appendicitis. Relieves ANY case gas on stomach or constipation. The INSTANT pleasant action of Adler-i-ka surprises both doctors and patients. A business man reports a great benefit in a long standing case of indigestion and sour stomach. At Wallace's Drug Store.

The Foundation of your Future

can be made secure by consistent saving. Form the habit of depositing at frequent regular periods.

THE DOMINION BANK

NAPANEE BRANCH

G. P. CARR, - - - - - Manager.

Sub-Agency at Roblin, open Tuesdays, Fridays and Saturdays.

The Young Man's Best Recommendation

A Savings Account is more than a start towards financial independence—it is a mark of character.

One of the strongest recommendations in the world of business that a young man can present, is a Merchants Bank Pass-Book, showing a record of consistent savings.

A Savings Account may be opened with $1.00, which shows how highly we regard the accounts of those who desire to save.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Established 1864.

Head Office: Montreal.

Napanee Branch, - - - E. R. Checkley, Manager
Yarker, Verona and Parham Branches, - J. W. McClymont, Manager
Tamworth Branch, - - - S. D. Whaley, Manager

COUNTY COUNCIL

The County Council held a special session on Wednesday evening. A by-law making special grants to the various municipalities, who have no county roads according to the increased expenditure, arranged for at last session, was passed.

A by-law to fix the amount to be expended on maintenance and construction of county and county Provincial roads in 1920 was passed, providing expenditures as follows:

The appropriations for county roads of $74,608.62 is divided in accordance with By-laws 204 and 207, and amendments thereto, as follows:

Adolphustown.....	$ 3,505 00
Amherst Island.....	3,673 00
Bath.....	603 00
Camden.....	17,870 62
Denbigh, Abinger and Ashby.....	318 00
Ernestown.....	16,870 62
N. Fredericksburgh....	6,433 00
S. Fredericksburgh....	6,510 00
Kaladar, Anglesea and Effingham.....	468 00
Napanee.....	3,176 00
Newburgh.....	640 00
Richmond	9,321 00
Sheffield	5,168 00
Total.....	$74,608 62

A letter from the Education Department notifying the council that the salary of the School Inspectors had been increased to $3000 per year. The county's share of such salary will be $1200.

A claim for auto damages, $7.50 from Harry Deseronto was presented. $5.00 was ordered paid.

A committment papers of three children of Fred York and charges for same from Belleville Children's Aid Society were read.

Referred to Finance Committee to report at November session.

A request from Roy Ferguson for a grant in aid of Bay ferry, $100.00 was presented. Referred to Finance Committe.

Account of Victoria Industrial School, $101.01, was ordered paid.

A communication from the Board of Railway Commissioners re grade crossing at Newburgh was read, and Mrs. Isworth, of Newburgh, was heard in reference to the poor train service now being given the residents of Newburgh and vicinity, asking advice as to the possible remedy.

EQUALIZED ASSESSMENT AND COUNTY RATE AT 13 MILLS ON DOLLAR, 1920

Municipality	Equalized Assessment	Co. Rate
Adolphustown	$ 108,670 00	$ 1,412 71
Amherst Island	111,000 00	1,443 00
Bath	2,097,300 00	27,265 00
Camden	1,986,184 00	25,820 39
Ernestown	753,551 00	9,796 94
North Fredericksburgh	762,650 00	9,914 45
South Fredericksburgh	880,000 00	11,440 00
Kaladar, Anglesea, Effingham	36,000 00	468 00
Napanee	1,053,577 00	13,697 50
Newburgh	1,118,383 00	14,538 97
Richmond	1,181,152 00	15,355 52
Sheffield	604,194 00	7,854 52
Total	$11,387,795 00	$148,122,031 83

The most popular candy in Napanee, "Elizabeth Best Chocolates." If you haven't tried them, there is a treat in store for you. In one pound boxes at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Some Valuable Farms FOR SALE

Apply to T. B. GERMAN.

DESERONTO PROPERTY FOR SALE

Two comfortable houses, nice location, corner lots, fruit trees, garage, electric lights, fine well, cistern etc. For information apply to Post Office Box 294, Deseronto, (no agents). 24tf

FOR SALE—Oak Sideboard and oak hall rack. Inquire at Wallace's Drug Store. 30 bp

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply to MRS. W. J. Boller. 19

FOR SALE—A Cleveland Bicycle, almost new, coaster break, lamp, etc. Apply to E. A. SEALE, Roblin. 31-b-p

FOR SALE—A number of houses and lots in town, and also a number of desirable farms. Apply to T. B. GERMAN. 42-tf

EGGS FOR SALE—Single Comb White Leghorns, $1.50 per setting; 284 eggs average. Apply to W. G. GRIFFIN, Piety Hill. 25-tf

FOR SALE—Black Walnut Cutbridge Organ, in first-class condition. Apply to MRS. JOHN POLLARD, Dundas St., Napanee. 32-c

SECOND HAND GOODS FOR SALE—Will buy any quantity of household goods SEYMOUR Lindsay, Water street, one block north of Light's lumber yard. 23-cp

ROOM TO LET—A room in the Harshaw block, on the second floor, about 20 x 24 feet. Would make a good room suitable for a society with small membership. Apply to JOHN HARSHAW. 19-tf

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—Required, respectable, about 20 years, capable of taking charge small house for family three adults, light work, will be treated as one of the family, good wages. Address "Advertiser" 313 Jane street, Toronto.

FOR SALE—Chevrolet Touring Car, engine just overhauled, newly painted, in excellent running order. Will sell cheap for quick sale. Will demonstrate any night after five o'clock. Reason for selling, expect to leave town. Apply Box 474, Napanee.

PUBLIC NOTICE

BY ORDER of County Council of Lennox and Addington I am directed to notify the general public that By-Law No. 339, regulating and enforcing the width of tires on vehicles travelling on County Roads will come into force and effect on

APRIL 21st, 1921

The ByLaw makes it unlawful for any person to drive any vehicle the weight of which, with or without a load, is more than 2500 pounds, unless it has tires of width not less than 2 inches, and when more than 3500 pounds, unless it has tires of width not less than 3 inches, and when more than 4500 pounds, unless it has tires of width not less than 4 inches—weight in each case including the vehicle.

Prepare yourself with proper vehicles and avoid penalties.

Dated June 16th, 1920.

T. V. ANDERSON,
C. Road Superintendent,
Co. Lennox and Addington.

Don't grope in the dark. Get a Daylo flash light at

Wilson's Hardware Store

The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD,
EDITOR and PROPRIETOR

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which admission or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.
Advertising Contractors and News Correspondents.
Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, or by whom advice grads will be given, if required.

W. G. WILSON,
BARRISTER,
Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc
P O Box 620. Telephone No. 83.
OFFICE — North Side Dundas Street Napanee, Ont.

HERRINGTON, WARNER & GRANGE
Barristers, etc.
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE
Office—Warner Block, Opposite Post Office.

T. B. GERMAN,
Barrister and Solicitor,
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
OFFICE: Grange Block, 60 John Street Napanee

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon, etc.
Late House surgeon o the Kingston General Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas Street, betwee Vest and Robert Streets, Napanee. 52tf

WANTS NEW ELECTION

Conditions in Germany Discourage Ebert.

Two Elements Threaten to Clash and Cause Civil War—With Bolshevism vs. Reconstruction as the Issue, and the Militarists Are Also Busy Trying to Foment Revolution.

BERLIN, June 29. — Chancellor Fehrenbach has been asked by President Ebert to make arrangements for a general election, it was reported to-day. Ebert is said to be discouraged by the refusal of the Socialists to co-operate in the formation of a new Cabinet and to be ready to relinquish his office as soon as the people elect a successor.

"No acute danger of a revolt exists at present."

Such is the guarded wording of an ominous official notice just issued here. It is intended to reassure apprehensive Germans who believe the latest alarmist rumor that a strong Red army is organizing and drilling in Germany in preparation for a new ultra-Red revolution. Despite all reassurances, however, many specialists and close followers of international developments in Germany believe that a fresh Red revolution may break out within two months. Indeed some observers even consider that another revolution followed by a counter-revolution is inevitable.

The fact is that Germany is still travelling at express speed toward civil war. Political and economic developments both are sharpening and forcing the issue of the great class struggle to a finish. Bolshevism or reconstruction—that is still the vital question for Germany, and is still unanswered.

That great activity prevails in extreme radical circles, and that German militarists are preparing a violent overthrow of the German Government, and the erection of a Soviet system, is a statement published in the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger in a glaring headline which reads: "The red army."

The paper prints figures alleged to have been taken from secret documents found on the person of a courier for the radical groups, who was recently arrested. The alarming report prints these papers as showing that the extremists have now, or at the right moment, can seize possession of 10,870 machine guns, 280 flames throwers, 700 minewerfers, and 420 pieces of artillery.

In Cabinet circles the fear was freely expressed that the secret projects caused by high prices might be a prelude to something much more serious, and might indicate a critical situation.

"The spectre of civil war rises menacingly, before the German people," according to Former Secretary of State August Mueller, the Socialist leader. He pleads that all politicians place country above party in the present crisis, because every hour's delay in forming a sound, new Government brings the crisis closer. Mueller adds:

"If civil war breaks out, it will assume forms, because of Germany's complicated economic organization, that will make all the horrors of the great French and Russian revolutions look like child's play. Ever more menacing are the signs of an approaching economic crisis; men, in ever-rising numbers, are going thrown out of work. The continued production of paper money constantly increases Germany's difficulties and brings ever nearer the day of the state's bankruptcy, while the depreciation of this money strengthens the process of the proletarisation of the entire people.

"We are heading straight for an abyss. If things are left to themselves a frightful catastrophe is inevitable."

OFFICER WAS KIDNAPPED.

Sinn Feiners Carry Off Brig.-General Lucas.

DUBLIN, June 29. — A band of armed and masked Sinn Feiners carried out the boldest coup in months on Sunday, when they raided a fishing hut alongside the Blackwater river, three miles from Fermoy, in County Cork, and kidnapped Brig.-General Lucas and his two companions, Colonels Bond and Symons.

Placing revolvers against the heads of the three officers, the raiders commanded them to surrender "in the name of the Irish republic," then seized an automobile in which their captives had journeyed to their fishing haunt, compelled them to ride in the car and started to race off with them.

Col. Danford jumped out of the machine just as it started. He was shot down by the raiders, but, not seeing he was seriously wounded, ordered Col. Tyrrell to stay and care for him, whereupon they disappeared with the general.

The British "Who's Who" lists Cuthbert Henry Lucas as temporary brigadier-general. He served in the South African war and in the Egyptian army and Soudan civil service, and fought in the European war with a Berkshire regiment.

Sugar Probe Helps S. A.

OTTAWA, June 29. — One of the results of the acrial tour of the Board of Commerce is that the Salvation Army got a cheque for $275. A sugar broker in Montreal sent this amount to a broker in Ottawa as commission on the sale of two cars of sugar. The Ottawa man decided that he was not justified in accepting it because he was agent for the Government here. He sent his cheque for the amount back to the donor, who remailed it. The cheque travelled back and forth and finally found its way into the evidence submitted at a Board of Commerce inquiry. "Let's give it to the Salvation Army," said Commissioner O'Connor. The brokers agreed, and it was done.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

The Candy Store

Our Homemade Candy continues to please our patrons.

If you have not tried it call and get some on your way home. Your wife and family will appreciate it.

CHOCOLATES of all sorts and prices

P. PAPPAS
'Phone 208
The Candy Store.

DEMOCRATS ARE READY.

All Eyes Are Now Fixed on Cox and McAdoo.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—Governor Cox of Ohio, or William Gibbs McAdoo will be nominated by the Democratic National Convention.

Attorney-General Palmer will get most votes on the first ballot. He will be eliminated as the balloting progresses.

The main total of Palmer and McAdoo votes on the first few ballots will constitute a majority of the convention. This will be an indication of the Wilson strength.

Favorite sons like Glass of Virginia, Meredith of Iowa, Al Smith of New York, Davis of West Virginia, Cummings of Connecticut, Edwards of New Jersey, and Cox of Ohio will get the remainder of the delegates.

Tammany Hall, and the delegations from New Jersey, Illinois, Maryland and Massachusetts, which are wet, will be able to deadlock this convention indefinitely, though they may be unable to force the selection of a candidate of their own.

That's the way the Democratic convention looked on the day of the opening. But before the balloting comes, there will be plenty of contest and controversy over platform.

ANARCHY IN ITALY.

Social Unrest Has Ended In Rioting In Some Places.

ROME, June 29.—Violent disorders, with a number of deaths, reported from the Italian district, have been set down to some underground effort to upset the whole social order of the country. Anarchists are responsible for the Ancona strife. They were forced into the outskirts of the city Monday by the military, and order was restored.

During the disturbances three anarchists were killed in encounters with the police. They attacked the carabiniers' barracks with a machine gun, but were repulsed. Women are said to have taken part in the fighting. Shots were freely fired from houses. Two trains were fired on at Borgaccio, five passengers dying from wounds.

At Cadore, Venetia, red flags, were hoisted over the municipal buildings. Telegraph lines were cut and roads blocked. The military used armored cars to disperse the rioters at Bribano. An attempt was made at Roncele. At Piombino many are reported killed and wounded on both sides in anarchist attacks on police with pistols and hand grenades.

Barracks were attacked in Pisa on Sunday, but the assailants were repulsed. The streets were barricaded by rioters, who looted liquor and clothing stores. Two rioters were killed after the military were reinforced, and many casualties are reported.

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Carefully Compiled and Put Into Handy and Attractive Shape for the Readers of Our Paper — A Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Chippawa Canal workers conferred with the Hydro Commission.

Manitoba nominated provincial candidates on Tuesday.

Yellow fever is believed to have broken out at Vera Cruz.

Premier Drury addressed the civil servants in Toronto on Tuesday.

In Montreal 25,009 children between 5 and 18 years did not attend school.

Victoria, B.C., after two days' trial of daylight saving, reverts to standard time.

Sterling exchange was stronger in New York and touched the $4 mark yesterday.

The G.T.R. has accepted the board of conciliation award in the dispute with clerks.

Nansen left for Russia to begin his work of repatriating prisoners now in Siberia.

The Shamrock IV. defeated the 23-meter trial yacht for the second successive time on Tuesday.

The Fehrenbach Cabinet has collapsed owing to the Majority Socialists refusing to support it.

The weather, D.C., was hit by a hurricane during the week-end. It came up suddenly and passed in half an hour.

William Southam & Sons, Ltd., have purchased the Winnipeg Tribune. Associated with them is M. E. Nichols.

The recently elected temporary Parliament of the Far Eastern Government was convened at Vladivostok on June 20.

In the British tennis championship tournament at Wimbledon, J. C. Parke beat William M. Johnston, the noted United States star.

Four women were drowned in a boating accident 21 miles north of Cranbrook, B.C., Sunday night, when a launch upset in a heavy current.

A large British trade delegation sails from England on September 6 to attend the Congress of the Chamber of Commerce of the British Empire opening in Toronto on September 18.

THURSDAY.

Toronto domestics held meeting in Massey Hall.

Andrew Hicks withdrew his charges of bribery.

Seventy acres of wheat is in land on a farm near Brandon.

Arthur Durocher died while piloting a steamer out of Sorel Harbor.

York County Council has voted to buy Pickering College for a hospital.

The condition of the ex-Kaiserin is reported to be considerably improved.

Canadian bishops are in England to attend the Lambeth Conference in July.

Toronto Hydro chairman said the wage demands of the men were ridiculous.

Mrs. Robert Gill of Seneca township died after violent vomiting following a meal.

Waterloo Public School Board voted all the teachers increases ranging from $150 to $300.

A commission in commission is proposed to replace the plebiscite in upper Silesia and Teschen.

Fred Hambly was chosen to succeed the late D. A. S. Brown on the Toronto Board of Education.

Upsets were the order in the British lawn tennis championships at Wimbledon on Wednesday.

The Supreme Court has upheld the right of a municipality to tax net income from producing oil and gas wells.

Japan has agreed to recognize the Far Eastern Republic on condition that it is independent of Soviet Government.

A man pretending to be a Presbyterian minister collecting for missions and schools is cycling through Northern Ontario.

Coach Walter Knox of the Canadian Olympic team, returned from Montreal Wednesday and reported that there were several likely prospects uncovered.

FRIDAY.

Dr. Glover had a cancer clinic at St. Michael's Hospital, Toronto.

Strawberries sold at 15 cents a box by the crate in St. Catharines.

Major Eric L. Armour was appointed Crown Attorney for York.

James M. Hickson, the faith healer, was at St. James' Cathedral, Toronto.

A memorial statue to the heroes of the Long Sault was unveiled at Montreal.

Bolshevik forces are continuing to drive the Poles back in the Kiev district.

Sir Herbert Ames told the Canadian Club, Toronto, of the League of Nations.

Results of Royal College of Dental Surgeons examinations were announced.

More British troops have arrived in Londonderry, and the city is quieter.

Two suspected cases of bubonic plague are reported at Cerritas, Mexico.

Statistics now place the number of Germans killed in the war at 1,350,000.

The Canadian Hockey Association was reorganized at a meeting in Toronto.

More than 100 foreign insect pests are causing an annual crop loss in the United States.

Charles Hutcheson, the "human fly," fell 40 feet and was probably fatally hurt at St. Catharines.

J. C. Parke, England's star tennis player, lost to Tilden of the United States at Wimbledon Thursday.

Miss Toronto II. was launched in Toronto on Thursday. The owners believe that she will travel 72 miles an hour.

Bishop Fallon of London has been vindicated by the finding of the Holy See in the matter of the use of French.

Murray Robinson of Brantford, aged two, and George Bartlett of Beamsville, aged one, were drowned in cisterns.

By defeating Syracuse Thursday, while Baltimore were losing to Akron, the Leafs tied with the Orioles at the top of the International Baseball League race.

SATURDAY.

It is thought Sir Lomer Gouin, Premier of Quebec, will resign.

The Toronto works committee wants a probe into the telephone service.

Paul Weigel proved an easy winner in the Hamilton Derby yesterday.

Free ice will be distributed to New York's poor this summer, it is announced.

Fifty men and women, refugees from Petrograd, now in London, want to come to Canada to form a community.

Hundreds attended the service conducted by James Moore Hickson in Toronto.

The Hydro-Electric Commission takes over the Guelph Radial Railway July 1.

The population of the United States is now estimated at one hundred and ten millions.

The White Star liner Olympic has sailed for New York on her first trip as an oil burner.

The Toronto University crew beat Yale in a sensational race on the Thames river Friday.

Toronto baseball team won their first game from leading on Friday, but lost the second.

The Public Utilities Commission's fight on raising Winnipeg car fares is upheld by the courts.

Gladys Kaufman, aged 18, of Waterloo, and Gladys Hohmeier of Kitchener were drowned at a picnic.

Jos. A. Hack, Milwaukee, a vaudeville acrobat, was accidentally shot in Chicago by Miss Kitty Gordon, actress.

The League of Nations' Court Advisory Committee passed a resolution to have the seat of the permanent Court of Justice at The Hague with a unanimous vote Friday morning.

Hope Campbell, wife of Dr. C. J. Tilgreen, and the staff of St. John's Technical High School, Winnipeg, is dead. She was a daughter of Prof. P. S. Campbell of McMaster University, Toronto.

MONDAY.

Bishop Fallon urges priests to support the O.T.A.

The Persian Premier has again tendered his resignation.

A writ is to be issued shortly for the Portsmouth by-election.

Mrs. Fred Hoffman, Guelph, was killed in an elevator shaft.

The Presbyterian Church of Canada will issue a weekly newspaper.

The Japanese have landed troops in the Gulf of Petchili, China, and will land additional troops at Rodosto and will soon begin their movement from Occidental into Oriental Thrace.

The Turks are being evacuated from the shores of the Bosphorus to make shipping safe for the Greeks, and it is expected that a state of siege will be declared at Constantinople, in order to give the Entente closer control of the civil population in this city.

British naval and military forces at Ismid, Asia Minor, have routed a strong Turkish force under the command of Hustapha Kemel Pasha, the Nationalist leader, says a despatch from Athens. The British fleet bombarded the Turkish line and it was estimated that 1,000 Turks were killed.

The Turkish Cabinet have framed a protest to the Entente against the premature occupation of Anatolia while the treaty was pending. Apparently, however, the Turkish officials that a state of war exists, as representatives of the British and French High Commissioners visited the Sublime Porte and requested that they would begin putting the treaty terms into effect promptly. The Italians did not participate, and it is reported in Constantinople that they will for the present at least take no part in the enforcement of the treaty.

Italian Regiment Mutinies.

ROME, June 29.—Serious trouble has developed among certain elements of the 11th Bersaglieri Regiment. They refused to entrain and leave Ancona, on the Adriatic Sea. Garrison troops were recalled from musketry practice, and are expected to restore order.

The Giornale D'Italia reports that the mutinous Bersaglieri surrendered, but that disorders at Ancona are continuing. Several officers, police and others injured in an engagement in which the mutineers used machine-guns.

Ancona is the centre of anarchistic revolutionary propaganda.

Raid Sligo Jail.

SLLIGO, Ireland, June 29.—A raid carried out Saturday on the Sligo Jail had as its object the liberation of Frank Carty, member of the newly-elected Sinn Fein Council, who had been held, according to the Sinn Feiners, on the charge of having given false evidence regarding a raid for arms.

The party numbered about 100. The gate of the jail was forced, as well as the outside doors, and every single night watchman was compelled to hand over his keys. The raiders went straight to Carty's cell and took him away with them in a motor car.

Boy Drowns.

BELLEVILLE, June 29.—The 12-year-old son of Walter Rogers lost his life in the Bay of Quinte, near Seymour's Creek. He was with some other boys at the time, and g... beyond his depth and disappeared from view.

Dancer's Jewels Sold to Help Poor.

PARIS, June 29.—The auction sale of the jewels of the late Gaby Deslys, the dancer, was held Monday. The total amount realized was 1,103,900 francs. The money wil be used for the benefit of the poor of Marseilles, accordance with the terms of her will.

Plague In Vera Cruz.

VERA CRUZ, June 29. — During he past week only four cases of bubonic plague have been reported. There are eight cases at present in he hospital here.

Of those previously afflicted with he disease, four have died and two are recovered.

DERRY QUIET AGAIN.

Seventeen Deaths Occurred In Riots Last Week.

BELFAST, June 29.—Derry is normal again. The city has been divided into four military areas, which are being constantly patrolled. Four Protestants were killed and fourteen seriously wounded; thirteen Roman Catholics were killed and fifteen were seriously wounded in the recent fighting.

The Sinn Fein snipers suffered severely. They were located in trees near a Roman Catholic bishop's house. Several rebel snipers were arrested and found to have rifles and supplies of ammunition in their houses.

Five Unionists who were guarding the post office have been arrested by the military. A conciliation committee, representing all creeds, is making an appeal to the whole community to preserve peace and good will.

Father Doherty, of St. Eugene Chapel, made a most provocative speech Sunday at mass. He referred to the rioting and asked for the prayers of the people for those killed and wounded in defence of Catholic Derry.

Brig.-Gen. Carter has ordered that looters are to be shot if they resist arrest, and attempt to escape.

Two more rebel raiders were Sunday forced Sligo Jail and freed Frank Carty, a Sinn Fein leader. Marines landed at Rosses' Point, Sligo, to guard the prison guard station, the advance party of the battalion ordered to join the Sligo garrison to-day, having been burned.

Early on the same day Head Constable Eagleton and six men defended the police barracks at Borrisokane, Tipperary, for three hours against three hundred rebels, ultimately repulsing them with several wounded.

Doctor Fined $3,000.

HAMILTON, June 29.—For making false entries respecting his income, Dr. W. B. Hopkins was fined $3,000 by Magistrate Jelfe on Monday. He was charged under the War Tax Act with making false returns in 1917, 1918 and 1919.

In the first year he gave his income as not more than $1,500, whereas he showed it to have been $8,905, of which amount $4,000 was from liquor prescriptions. In 1918 he gave his income as $4,000, whereas it was $13,691, of which about $6,000 was from liquor prescriptions, and in 1919 he gave it as $3,000, whereas it was $12,000, of which nearly $10,000 was from liquor prescriptions.

LANCASHIRE HUMOR.

Some Samples of Jests Culled In That County.

I contend that Lancashire is our most humourous county, says a writer in the London Daily Mail. For real, deep, hearty humor, broad, generous, kindly; causing rumbling laughter and aching sides, Lancashire has no equal. No man listens everyday affairs with such a ludicrous and fantastic quality as a Lancashire man.

His is the humor of the carefully-planned story or the rehearsal incident—though Lancashire abounds in native tales of fun. Rather is his the humor which springs regarding of men and affairs through quaint eyes and untoward happenings with laughter instead of tears.

Lancashire humor has an exquisitely dine dryness about it. Witness the story of the precocious engineering wherein the wife, after being discharged two or three times by the foreman for playing pranks and then getting up in the morning as usual, was approached by the foreman, who said:

"Look here, Dick, didn't a' sack thee last week?"

"Thou did that," retorted Dick, "an'dunno thee do it again. A' geet into a row wi' my mother about it last neet."

Or this of the Lancashire miner who was telling how he stopped a bolt at work. "Couldn't help hittin' 'em," he said. "Went down like skittles."

"And were they all dead?" asked the listener.

"Neaw," said the miner dryly, "they weren't aw dead—but they'd ne got enough of 'em."

I defy anybody to travel from London to Manchester with a real Lancashire man and preserve a straight face.

During the war I sat opposite such a man on a midnight journey. Every time I dozed off there was a gentle shake and cried, "Wakken up, owd ship!"

And then he would talk. "A' live at Stockport. Grand place to live. Everybody comin' to see us; and they comes for a fortn't. Tommy coom t' other week. To our surprise on t' Friday he says he said: 'A'll go t' butcher's an' get a leg o' mutton. It'll be a bit o' summat-like.' An' he did. A' said to t' missus that neet: 'Tom's opened his heart at last. He did dost know, that leg o' mut'on were on our bill t' next week-end.'"

Lancashire humor is closely allied with outdoor sports. George Formby hits off this fondness when he tells how, when applying for a plumber's job, on being asked by the plumber: "Can you run pi'ty?" he answered: "Run Putty? A' con run Putty's feyther."

The Lancashire man—and woman —can be grimly humorous, too. A cotton operative, ill in bed and feeling very sorry for herself, said to his wife: "Eh, Jim, but a'm feelin' bad. A'm goin' to die."

"Aye," said he, "a' think so. A've sent for t' joiners to come an' widen these stairs at t' top. They're very awkward for getting a coffin down."

Stories about the cotton loom abound—and are mainly against the Lancashire man. One of the newly rich bought a mansion at Blackpool. His wife protested that it was rather big. "Big," he said. "Thee wait. We'll get a big peacock wi' two tails when thou's gotten a pair o' steps like them to mop."

Assuredly Lancashire makes humor as well as money.

Wellington's Coach.

When Lord Kenyon offers his great East End estate for sale one of its best remembered features will not be included in the lot. Lord Kenyon bought the estate from Sir John Tyrrell's family, and with it the famous post chaise in which the Duke of Wellington (who gave Sir John the coach) left Paris after the Peninsular War and at Waterloo.

The carriage is a curiosity in itself, as visitors to Kensington Museum, where it was formerly housed, found by Lord Kenyon, may see for themselves. The coach comes in half and takes two separate carriages if necessary.—London Globe.

THE MARKETS

TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, June 29. — Quotations on the Board of Trade yesterday were as follows:

Manitoba Wheat (In Store Ft. William.)
No. 1 northern, $3.15.
No. 2 northern, $3.12.
No. 3 northern, $3.08.
Manitoba Oats (In Store Ft. William.)
No. 2 C.W., $1.31½.
No. 3 C.W., $1.31½.
Extra No. 1 feed, $1.31½.
No. 1 feed, $1.31.
No. 2 feed, $1.30.
Manitoba Barley (In Store Ft. William.)
No. 3 C.W., $1.92½.
No. 4 C.W., $1.84½.
American Corn (Track Toronto, Prompt Shipment.)
No. 3 yellow, $2.40, nominal.
Ontario Oats (According to Freights outside.)
No. 3 white, nominal.
Ontario Wheat (F.O.B. Shipping Points According to Freights.)
No. 1 winter, per car lot, $2 to $2.01.
No. 2 winter, per car lot, $1.98 to $2.01.
No. 3 winter, per car lot, $1.92 to $1.93.
No. 1 spring, per car lot, $2.03 to $2.05.
No. 2 spring, per car lot, $1.98 to $2.01.
No. 3 spring, per car lot, $1.93 to $1.95.
Peas (According to Freights Outside).
No. 2, $3.00.
Barley (According to Freights Outside.)
Malting, $1.87 to $1.89.
Buckwheat (According to Freights Outside.)
No. 2, nominal.
Rye (According to Freights Outside.)
No. 2, nominal.
No. 3, $2.24 to $2.25.
Manitoba Flour (In Cotton Bags.)
Government standard, $11.85.
Ontario Flour (In Jute Bags, Prompt Shipment.)
Government standard, $13, nominal.
Montreal, nominal, Toronto.
Milled (Carlots, Delivered Montreal Freights, Bags included.)
Bran, per ton, $37; shorts, per ton, $41; good feed flour, per bag, $3.75 to $4.
Hay (Track Toronto.)
No. 1, per ton, $31, nominal, per ton, $27.
Straw (Track Toronto.)
Car lots, per ton, $11 to $11.50.
Farmers' Market.
Fall wheat—No. 2, nominal.
Spring wheat—No. 2, nominal.
Goose wheat—No. 3, nominal.
Barley—Malting and feed, nominal.
Oats—Nominal.
Buckwheat—Nominal.
Peas—Nominal.
Hay — Timothy, mixed and clover, nominal.
Straw—Bundled and loose, nominal.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

A. L. Hudson & Co., Standard Bank building, report the following prices on the Chicago Board of Trade:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Rye—					
July	215	217	215	216	214
Sept.	185½	187¾	185½	187¾	185
Corn—					
July	176¾	178	175¾	177¼	176¾
Sept.	173¾	175¾	173¾	175¼	174¾
Dec.	153½	155	153½	155¼	154¾
Oats—					
July	104¼	105¾	104	104¾	104¾
Sept.	87¾	88½	87¼	88¼	88¼
Dec.	83¾	85¾	83¾	85¼	82¾
Pork—					
July	34.05	34.10	33.65	33.65	33.77
Sept.	36.00	36.00	35.60	35.60	35.77
Ribs—					
July	20.50	20.62	20.42	20.42	20.43
Sept.	21.55	21.65	21.47	21.47	21.47
Lard—					
July	18.10	18.15	18.00	18.00	18.08
Sept.	19.20	19.20	19.10	19.10	19.12

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, June 29.—With 4700 cattle on sale, a large percentage of which were only medium and common in quality, that should have remained in grass for some time yet, instead of coming to market, what good cattle were here sold really at very satisfactory prices.

Choice calves sold at about from 16c to 17c; medium from 15c to 16c; grassers and common calves from 9c to 12c. The market was well cleaned up.

With 1,200 sheep and lambs trade held about steady for all classes, except for choice lambs, which sold a little lower. Choice light sheep sold from 8¼c to 9½c; choice yearlings from 11c to 12¼c; heavy fat and common bucks, 7c to 8c; while a fair demand for a few choice spring lambs, selling from 18c to 19¼c.

The hog market was firm, sold on the basis of 18¾c to 19c f.o.b., for the bulk of the sales.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.

Montreal, June 28.—(Dominion Live Stock Branch.)—Receipts, 1,315. Trade is slow. Prices for good cattle 10c to 15c lower. Common cattle have to sell than good grades. A number of the latter would have to be sold per. Top price was $16. Twenty-two cattle, averaging 1,015 lbs., sold at $15.50. Good lighter steers, averaging about 1000 lbs., brought $14.50. Best cattle between these figures, 1,000 lbs., sold. Four baby beeves, averaging 600 lbs., $16. Common cattle, cows and heifers, from $4 up.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, June 28. — Cattle receipts, 20,000; beef steers, steady to 25c lower; medium, 25c to 35c lower; closing, dull; quality good; top, $17; bulk, $12.50 to $16.75; corn fed cows and heifers, steady to strong; canners, steady; stockers and feeders, steady to strong.

Hogs, receipts, steady to 15c higher. Best grades advancing most, closing weak; top, $16.20; bulk, light and light mixed, $15.75 to $16; bulk 350 pounds and over, $14.35 to $15.90; pigs, $13.50 to $14.50; bulk, $13 to $14.25.

Sheep, receipts 15,000; best lambs steady; others lower. Yearlings and sheep steady to 50c lower. Best native lambs, $17; bulk, $16.50 to $17; fairly good Idaho lambs, $16.75; California bambs, $14; choice handy weight ewes, $9; feeding lambs mostly, $10.50 to $13.

Commerce Board Orders.

OTTAWA, June 29. — Merchants must continue to obey the orders of the Board of Commerce, said Chairman O'Connor did not take effect until June 30, and the recommendations of the Commissioner would be passed upon by the Governor-General in due course. Until then the orders of the board would stand.

Countess Dudley Drowns.

LONDON, June 29.—Countess Rachel Dudley, beautiful former Vicereine of Ireland was drowned Saturday while bathing in Camus Bay, near her Connemara home. She jumped before the eyes of her maid who was unable to save her. Her body was recovered later. The countess had separated from her husband in 1919, the court stipulating an allowance of $50,000 for her.

A Warm Welcome.

Business had been bad with the touring theatrical company in the last two towns they had visited.

But the advance booking in the next town was said to be good, and it was only this hope that held the little company together.

At last, in the late hours of Sunday evening, the company reached the city of its hopes.

The manager stepped from the train and passed over the railway station railings.

"What a glorious sunset!" he exclaimed.

"Garn!" yelled a passing youngster. "That's the theayter burnin' down!"

Archbishop John Whitgift Is Remembered in Croydon As Founder of Hospitals

A LITTLE while ago, there took place in Croydon, the ancient town some ten miles south of London, an interesting and accustomed ceremony, namely, the annual festival service by which is commemorated the munificence of Archbishop Whitgift to Croydon. It was, in fact, the 324th anniversary of the foundation of the Whitgift Hospital, and, headed by bands, the boys of the Whitgift Grammar and Middle Schools marched to the parish church. The Vicar of Croydon preached a sermon, for which, under the terms of the bequest, he received sixteen shillings and eightpence, and all who took part in the festival wore "Whitegift" flowers, in other words, white stock and fern. Everything was done as it always has been done, and it was specially fitting that it should be so, for John Whitgift, sometime Archbishop of Canterbury, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth, was, in many respects, the most exacting of men. The howse which I have buylded for the sayde schoool howse, and also the howse which I have buylded for the schoolmaster, shall be for ever imployde to that use onlye, and to no other." So ran one of his instructions. It has not been strictly obeyed, in the matter of the school house, but it shows to some extent the manner of man he was.

Now, it was on the 17th of January, 1596, that the archbishop, having obtained letters patent from Queen Elizabeth, began to build his hospital "for the reliefe and sustentation of certaine poor people." He finished it on September 29, 1599. Never was there a more methodical and painstaking builder. Not only did he give the most minute instructions as to the work, but the records of each day's progress during the three years spent in building were most carefully and elaborately drawn up. Then, in the matter of regulations, he left nothing unprovided for. Was it a question of a broken window "or other decaye by ayllfulness or neglegence"? then the brother or the sister responsible was to "amend it" within one month, on pain of having fourpence a week stopped out of his or her allowance. For the hospital was, as it is still, both an almshouse and a school. But, as is the way with such foundations, the lands and bequests which provided but a very modest sum, three hundred years ago, have appreciated and appreciated in value until, to-day the foundation has become a wealthy trust, carrying out the ideas of the founder on a scale which, in all probability, he never would have thought possible.

John Whitgift, however, "My white gift," as Queen Elizabeth called him, just as she called Parker, "my black husband," was a man of big ideas. True, the Archbishop of Canterbury was a veritable Prince of the Church in the days of Queen Elizabeth, but J. Corbet Anderson has left record, in his "History of Croydon," that Archbishop Whitgift's military surroundings "were somewhat carped at by his enemies." And indeed such an affiliate was not altogether without cause, for the archbishop appears to have made no small stir when he moved officially from place to place. Thus it was his custom to visit Canterbury every third year. On those occasions he rested at his palace at Croydon with a retinue of 200 persons, and, in addition, "he was honorably escorted by the gentry of the country, so that he sometimes entered the city of Canterbury with a procession of eight hundred to a thousand horse." The archbishop, moreover, had amongst his own servants a regularly trained force of 100 foot and 50 horse which, in the days of the Great Armada, held itself ready, with the redoubtable archbishop at its head, "to take its share in the defence of sovereign and country."

Nevertheless John Whitgift was no swashbuckler, no shallow lover of pomp and circumstances. He was a sturdy bulwark against any lapse from the Reformation, a very diligent preacher, "as well after his preferments as before," a man "of middle and moderate disposition; of a free minde and a bountifull hand to-wards his household servants, his neighbours, but especially towards Schollers and strangers." Indeed, in spite of his military retinue, he was, as Fuller described him, "far from violence, and his politick patience was blessed in a high proportion."

A Scotch Expression.

Very few people who use the expression "Ca' canny" have any idea what it means, or for the matter of that, how it is pronounced. A writer in Ways and Means suggests "caw" as the nearest approach to the sound of the Scottish "ca'," which stands for call—in this instance having nothing to do with calling a halt, but referring to action, not speech, such for instance as turning a sloping rope or working a pump handle. Thus, if we take pumping as an illustration, the phrase "Ca' canny" would mean to work cautiously, not to pump as vigorously that the water is slopped over and wasted; the man pumping is asked not to squander his energy by doing his job badly. It is noted as a curious fact that a Scottish phrase embodying nothing but good sound ideas should have been devised on the south side of the border to uses based on an economic fallacy.

Frankness.

The eldest sons of British peers bear what are known as "courtesy titles," when the head of the house has two or three and can spare an inferior one to his son.

Earl Winterton, a young English politician, has a keen sense of humor and can enjoy a joke on himself, as is evidenced by his recounting of this one:

Before succeeding to the earldom he was known as Lord Turnour, under which name he figured in some noisy scenes in the House. A few months after his father's death he was thus addressed at dinner by a fellow guest:

"I ought to know you, but I can't recall your name."

"Oh, I am Earl Winterton," was the reply.

"Of course, of course," said the other. "Why, I have been confounding you all the evening with that ass Turnour!"

A Blind Golfer.

An English Victoria Cross officer, who was blinded in the war, still plays golf. He goes on the course accompanied by his wife, and his ball is teed for him by a caddy. His wife has trained him to get his feet into exactly the right position. The caddy then rings a tiny bell over the ball so as to indicate to the player's acute hearing the exact spot to which he must aim. On the green he relies also upon touch.

Australiane Must Have Adequate Home Defenses, Say Their Public Leaders

DISCUSSING the question of Australia's future defence with a representative of the press in London, some twelve months ago, Senator G. F. Pearce, Federal Defence Minister, indicated, in one short sentence, Australia's attitude on the question. "My own present view," he said, "in judging by the news that one reads, and following the Peace Conference, is, I am sorry to say, that we must still make provision for military and naval defence." Australia is one of the last nations that could be charged with any least taint of militarism. Twice, during the war, she rejected conscription. And yet, her contribution in men and material to the great struggle ranks high indeed amongst those of the other Allies. Australia's part in the war was a very great and very honorable part; but there can be no doubt that the vast majority of Australians would be quite unfeignedly glad to see an end made of the whole military system of the country, if they thought it was in any way feasible. The "glamor of war" never had much part in the Australian national outlook. It has certainly less than ever to-day.

Australia, however, has always shown herself determined not to be neglectful of what she regarded as her clear duty in providing for her own defence both on land and on sea. She has, moreover, always boldly faced the facts of the case, the vastness of her territory, the comparative smallness of her population, her strange, isolated position in the British Commonwealth, and most of all, perhaps, the growing strength and the expanding policy of the great power "north of the line." In considering the question of her own security, Australia has, indeed, never made much secret of the fact that she was not looking "over the roof of the world to Europe," but over the Pacific toward Japan.

And so, to-day, Australia, although she hopes everything, ultimately, from the League of Nations, and is one of the League's most earnest supporters, is determined to shirk no responsibility which may be laid upon her to make sure her own defence until the League really begins to fulfil its high purpose. "It is undoubtedly our duty," declared Gen. Sir William Birdwood, speaking recently in Melbourne, "to encourage and support the League by every means in our power, for if we and all others give our whole-hearted support, the time may come when the League may be regarded as a real factor in preserving universal peace. But even it would be the height of folly for us to rely on the League of Nations in any way as the present time, to insure our defense."

Australia is, accordingly, going steadily forward, working out her plans. Two main features are outlined by Gen. Birdwood in the speech just referred to. The general considered it essential that the air service should be, in the future as in the past, on the citizen forces, organised and trained by a really good and efficient staff, and insisted "for defence and not defiance," in the greatest efficiency of which the means of the Commonwealth will permit. The other point which Gen. Birdwood emphasised was the necessity of Australia and New Zealand "seeing eye to eye," and working together as one nation. As British outposts in the Pacific, he insisted, there could never be any different views between them concerning defence.

CAUSE OF UNREST.

Class Hatreds Will Prove Serious Danger.

Lord Askwith recently delivered an address in London on "Industrial Unrest," reported in the Christian Science Monitor, a subject that occupied most people at the present moment and from which many people expected great difficulties in the future. The present unrest, he said, dated as far back as 1908, when big strikes broke out. In 1910 and 1911 more strikes occurred, and in fact there was an economic revolution and the flames spread like wild fire. The strikes were settled by degrees, but they showed that the masters of the men had got out of touch with the rank and file and the heads of their men.

In the autumn of 1914, continued Lord Askwith, there were serious movements on the part of labor to the betterment of conditions, but the war came and put a different complexion on things. Labor had an idea and he stated emphatically that nothing could have beaten the war, which labor put its squabbles behind ground and decided to go into the war and win it.

One of the causes of the industrial unrest after the war was Government waste and extravagance. The people saw that the Government were not curtailing expenditure, so they said "Why should we curtail expenditure? If the cost of living goes up we will ask for more wages." The workers had been told there was to be a new world. They asked for it, and the natural reaction set in. The labor schemes of 1914 were revived.

The country, continued Lord Askwith, was rapidly falling into ruin. On the one side they had capital and the employers, and on the other side the labor and their leaders behind them. Between them they had what was commonly called class hatred. The feeling of class hatred was not improved by anything that was being said at the present time.

Before the war the nationalization of mines, Lord Askwith said he was against any industry in Great Britain being run by bureaucrats in Whitehall. The other day he asked Mr. Smillie what nationalization was. Mr. Smillie replied that the fundamental of nationalization must be ownership before he could give details. The whole of the question of nationalization largely depended upon management. They could not get on without the three—capital, management and labor.

He did not believe that nine-tenths of the trade unionists of the country cared about nationalization at all, or understood what it meant. Government control of trains and mines was all very well, but he did not believe in the coal industry, upon which every other industry depended, being carried on by the people were disgusted with governmental control of munitions during the war, and that the Government interference in industry.

Lord Askwith deprecated the attacks upon the Labor party as not helpful to the country. "It only drove more people into it," he declared, by attacking them as Bolshevik. He appealed to employers to take a more active interest in their workpeople, to treat them as human beings, to make their lives more pleasant outside, and to see that they were comfortably housed. In fact, he added, the lack of housing was one of the most wicked causes of the unrest.

The Navy League Campaign.

The Educational Committee of the Navy League of Canada (Ontario Division) is sending out under their auspices, three lecturers who are going throughout Ontario to the Women's Institutes. The plan has the endorsement of Mrs. Todd, of Orillia, the provincial president of the Women's Institutes.

The lecturers will be provided with a lantern and a series of slides demonstrating the truth of the policy that builds and binds a nation. No country can be truly great without an export trade and the farmer and laborer as well as the business man is deeply concerned in the development of the Dominion of Canada, which in the last analysis means prosperity to all.

Canada's problem for the purpose of our argument are two—1, greater productiveness; 2, the ability to reach the markets of the world with her unrivalled products. How this will be done will be told in a graphic manner, and from the arrival of the settler to the carrying of the goods to the markets overseas the story is full of human interest and truth.

Every county in the Province of Ontario is hoped will be reached before the end of September, the county president of the Women's Institutes having already been communicated with upon the subject.

The lecture will be without cost to the community, save the obtaining of a hall, and it is felt that in nearly all cases the local schoolroom, the basement of the church or some other suitable place can be obtained through the good offices of the president of the local Women's Institutes.

Earliest British Coin.

At a recent meeting of the British Numismatic Society Alfred Anscombe, F.R., Hist. S., dealt with the earliest English coin, the Golden Solidus of Sean Omodhu. The runic inscriptions on the coin were discussed and identified with the man's name Scan and the folk-name Amodhu.

Mr. Anscombe dated the coin about A. D. 440, and believed it to have been copied from a triumphal medal of Honorius, which he gave reasons for assigning to A. D. 421, says the London Times. The coin, he contended, was struck to commemorate the victory that the Alemannic Prince Scan, Duke of Cair Benet, or Winchester, won over the Saxon invaders of Britain in the sixteenth year after that in which the comet of A. D. 440 was—namely, in A. D. 455. Scan was the official chief of ten provincial kings in Southern Britain, in the "Merlin" he was called "Duke Escan." In the "Morte d'Arthur" he was called "Duke Eustace." Wolfram von Eschenbach, circa 1210, said he was slain by Orilus, Lord of Cumberland. The scribal errors in the blundered Latin inscription on the coin were explained, and the folk-name Omodhu, genitive plural Omodhu, was identified with the Amothingas of "Widsith." Their homeland lay near Shrewsbury, and that name was called "Caer Amwythig," in Welsh, to this day.

Health and Happiness

Women of today seem to listen to every call of duty except the supreme one that tells them to guard their health. Home duties, church duties, war activities, and the hundred-and-one calls from charitable enterprises soon lead women to overdo. Nervousness, headaches, backaches and female troubles are the inevitable result.

Philadelphia, Pa.—"I was very weak, always tired, my back ached, and I felt sickly most of the time. The doctor at last said I had nervous indigestion, which, added to my weak condition, kept me worrying most of the time—and he said if I could not stop that, I could not get well. I heard so much about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound my husband wanted me to try it. I took it for a week and felt a little better. I kept it up for three months, and I feel fine and can eat anything now without distress or nervousness. Health and happiness? Yes, I have both now."—Mrs. J. WORTHLINE, 2642 North Taylor Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The majority of women nowadays overdo, there are so many demands upon their time and strength; the result is invariably a weakened, run-down nervous condition with headaches, backache, irritability and depression—and soon more serious ailments develop. Avoid them by taking in time

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Prince of Wales Makes New Record as Traveler By Trip to the Antipodes

THE Prince of Wales, who is making a visit to the Antipodes, will have added something like 23,000 miles to his travel record and given himself the distinction of being, for his age, easily the most travelled prince in all history.

His tour of America last autumn, including visits to Washington and New York, covered fully 17,000 miles. Between August, 1919, and October, 1920, the Prince of Wales traveled over 30,000 miles, a total which works out at an average of nearly 100 miles a day, spread over the whole fourteen months. In addition there were literally hundreds of public functions crowded into his visit to Adelaide, and a week or two later from the South American capital direct to the heart of Queensland. Each of these journeys will occupy four or five days.

In order that the prince shall be enabled to see as much of Australia as he can in the time at his disposal with a minimum of inconvenience little regard has been paid in arranging this itinerary to the somewhat tender susceptibilities of the Australian states in matters of precedence. Tasmania will be visited immediately after Melbourne and Sydney.

On the other hand, however, the prince has not been slow in deciding a sartorial point on which was agitating the minds of Premier Hughes and many fellow Australians. Mr. Hughes had cabled to England to ascertain whether military men attending functions should dress in khaki on all occasions or wear full regimentals—dress or parade uniforms.

The prince immediately inquired what was the existing order in Australia, and he was informed that the instructions for the use of khaki had not so far been countermanded. Without hesitation he intimated that khaki would be the ceremonial uniform for himself and the military members of his staff, and that rule will of course be followed by Australian officers.

After leaving Sydney, the Renown will proceed to Albany, a Western Australian port, which, nevertheless is the most suitable for a ship of the Renown's dimensions, and from that time onward the prince will do the whole of his Australian trip overland, picking up the warship again on the day of his departure for England.

"MOONSHINING."

It Is Illegal In Many Lands, Including Canada.

American newspapers inform us that an "open revolt" against prohibition has broken out in Iron County, in the State of Michigan.

A party of state constables, having seized a large supply of contraband whisky, was stopped by a powerful body of county police and forced to give up the kegs which they had confiscated.

How many people have any idea that there was once a real war in America over this self-same business —the distilling of contraband spirits?

The American colonists, having risen against the Mother Country over the Tea Tax, found their own Government insisting on a revenue from all spirits. The people of Eastern Pennsylvania strongly objected, and when their objections were over-ruled, actually rose in arms.

The business is recorded in American history under the title of the "Whisky Insurrection," and the great President Washington had to raise a force of 15,000 men to subdue the trouble. Many lost heads over it, and quite a number of lives lost before peace was finally restored.

The countries which have always been "up agin'" the tax on spirits are Ireland and the American States of Kentucky and Tennessee.

The game is known as "moonshining," because, while the stills may be worked by day, the illicitly-distilled liquor is always distributed at night.

In Ireland the Royal Irish Constabulary are always busy hunting moonshiners, and hardly a month passes without the discovery of a still.

When a still is found it is destroyed, and any store of liquor discovered is treated in the same way. Just before the war a party of police raided a still in County Mayo, and, as one of them said, "It went to our hearts to burst up the kegs and pour all that good liquor down the drain."

But that was their job, and went away. When they were gone the owners of the still, who had been in hiding, returned. They took up the grating above the drain, removed some brickwork, and drew up a large cask full of whisky. Knowing what would happen, they had prepared for the police visit by putting this cask in position beforehand.

All through that wild, wooded country which surrounds Panther Knob and Little Frog Mountain in Tennessee, the mountaineers still defy the revenue officers. Moonshining past they have defied the revenue authorities.

One of the most wonderful characters ever known in this district was Betsy Sims, "the beautiful giantess." Betsy was six feet in height, splendidly built, extraordinarily handsome, and the head of an organised gang of distillers.

The revenue men tracked her at last, and found her in a hidden "still house" in the most inaccessible part of the ranges. Even then she refused to surrender. She fired the place, and made her escape under cover of the smoke. An officer saw her and seized her. She drew a knife and stabbed him. It took three men to make her a prisoner.

The story of the brothers, Silas and Milos Wood, is well known in that state. They had a still. An acquaintance, David Payne, wanted to come in. They refused, whereupon he turned revenue man and arrested them. They served a year's imprisonment. When they got out Milos sent Payne a message not to come "a-breshing against my palings."

David came. There was a quarrel. He shot Milos and his uncle, and himself went to the "pen" (prison) for ten years. From this murder started a feud which still rages among the fierce mountain men.

They are marvellously loyal one to another, these moonshiners. A man called Gus Reddon had long defied the law, but at last was tracked down, and caught in the very act of working his still.

He turned, to find two "Revenues" with their pistols pointed at his head. At that moment through the open window he saw his partner, Silas Reilly, coming down the path with a bag of meal over his shoulder. The "Revenues" saw him, too.

"You make a sound, Gus," threatened one of them, "and I'll shoot you dead!"

Gus Heddon's reply was to shout a warning to Reilly at the top of his voice. Next moment the pistol spoke, and he fell, mortally wounded.

Go up into that country to-day, and you will find these men living in one-room shacks. The walls are loopholed, and a Winchester or Martini repeating rifle hangs in a rack above the fireplace.

Up in our northwestern territory the laws against selling liquor to the Indians are extremely severe But since the Indians will exchange their choicest furs for what is called "klootch," the law is constantly evaded.

Since the law made vodka a state monopoly in Russia, illicit distilling has become a gigantic, but of course secret, business. Just before the war the arrest for this kind of thing had risen to over 7,000 yearly. At present there is probably not much of it. The starved people need all their grain for bread.

Electricity From Sunlight. . .

An interesting suggestion about the "power of to-morrow" is made by a writer in the British Nineteenth Century. He looks forward cheerfully to the day when all our electric power stations will be useless except for museum purposes. Admitting that there are difficulties in the way, he thinks that they may eventually be overcome, and that we shall derive our electricity direct from sunlight. When that takes place, industrial supremacy will be transformed to tropical countries. Meanwhile, Sir Charles Parsons, the famous turbine inventor, has renewed his suggestion of finding unlimited sources of power from the heat of the earth by digging a hole eighty odd miles deep. British scientific imagination is clearly in a very active condition.

Patience.

"Is your boy Josh patient and persevering?"

"In some respects," replied Farmer Corntossel. "He stands in line for an hour, if necessary, to buy a ticket to a picture show."

"KING'S" SCHOLARS.

Coveted Prizes for Schoolboys Come Direct from George V.

The recent award of the King's Gold Medal for the best boy at King's Lynn Grammar School — which was gained by Mr. W. W. Greve, by the way—has drawn attention to the splendid manner in which King George has always since his accession encouraged education in this way, and to the famous schools he has thus favored.

The giving of the gold medal in question to the King's Lynn school was begun by the late King Edward VII., whose son and successor has worthily kept up the custom. The lucky boy will attend later at Sandringham during the King's visit there, and be presented with the medal by the King himself.

Another well-known school similarly honored is the Newport Grammar School, and the latter is the one which King George annually presents a valuable prise for the best boy, the struggle for which is naturally very keen each year.

That our present monarch takes the deepest interest in encouraging budding talent and character in this way is shown by the fact that he gives annually a scholarship of £20 a year to Dover College, of which he is the patron, which will enable a boy from that noted school may have help towards his university course at Oxford or Cambridge.

This scholarship is not given for proficiency in any particular subject or examination, but for general success and good work, as well as high character, during the recipient's whole school career.

To Rugby School his Majesty presents each year what is known as the "King's Medal" for the writer of the best historical essay. There is much competition for this distinguished honor, though the prize is usually presented to the lucky winner by the King in person. To the ancient foundation of Westminster School, as well as to Eton College, the reigning sovereign, like his predecessors for many centuries back, has always shown special favor, and several of the customs, prizes, and honors there have to do with royalty's presence and generosity in particular and in a way. The Latin play at the former and the "Glorious Fourth" at the latter school are cases in point.

Wellington College can boast of a "King's Gold Medal," given annually by our monarch for competition amongst its pupils. The King here again exercises a good custom in giving the Head to select each time not only a prominent scholar and hard-worker, but a boy whose character stands prominently forward as being well worthy of the school and its splendid traditions. As a soldier and sailor himself, of no mean experience and knowledge, his Majesty has a very warm corner in his heart for the sons of the services.

Probably it is this feeling too, which has induced King George to offer a specially beautiful medal as a reward to the most successful cadet in the Naval College at Dartmouth. In this respect he is following his father, King Edward VII., who took a deep interest in this college. But one may be sure that the 390 cadets at Dartmouth are all eager to win the honor and distinction of being such a fine specimen of themselves. For did not our King himself graduate from the famous old "Britannia," which now serves for part of their naval training?

Taxes Force Duke to Sell Land.

Britain's war taxes continue to force many of her nobility to sell parts of their great estates. One of the greatest of these, which recently has passed under the auctioneer's hammer, is that of the Duke of Rutland, which is known as Belvoir. The duke owns about 50,000 acres, of which he is selling over 13,000 acres, located in the best part of the Lincolnshire hunting district. He explained at a public meeting that the sale was necessitated by the increasing burden of taxation resulting from the war.

Goadby Hall, one of the duke's properties, of 230 acres, was sold privately in advance of the public sale, and 100 tenants have bought from the duke the farms he had rented to them.

Earl Manver's estate, known as Holme Pierrepont, at Radcliffe-on-Trent, has been sold at auction for $233,425. It cover 320 acres.

It is reported that part of the estate of the Duke of Londesborough, comprising Raincliffe Woods and Rasecourse, has been bought by a Scarborough financier.

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Drowning Accident.

Sid Wakelin, a returned soldier, who has been working for Mr. W. H. Miller, Adolphustown, was drowned on Wednesday in the Bay of Quinte. Deceased rode a horse into the Bay to wash it, and the horse slipping off a ledge threw Wakelin off its back, and as he could not swim he was drowned. The body was recovered in a short time, but too late to resuitate the man.

Died at Toronto.

Jane Perry, widow of the late N. A. Caton, a former resident, passed away at the home of her daughter in Toronto, on Monday. She had been an invalid for some years, but was seriously ill only a week. The funeral tok place from her late residence on Wednesday morning, and the remains were brought to Napanee and placed in the family plot in Riverside cemetery. She leaves one son, Mr. A. E. Caton, Napanee; and seven daughters, Mrs. W. R. Lott, Napanee; Mrs. Vernon DeMille, Calgary; Mrs. Lindsen Longmore, Timmins; and Misses Blanche, Florence, Edith and Winnifred, Toronto.

Notice to Ex-Soldiers.

The Travelling Board of Doctors for Canadian Board of Pensions Commissioners for Canada will visit Napanee via G.T.R. Office, situate G. W. V. A. Club Rooms, Harshaw block. Any exmember C. E. F. wishing medical examination by the above Board of Doctors, for pensions, or any person or persons dissatisfied with their present medical decision will, at their earliest, get into communication with W. R. Johnston, secretary-treasurer Napanee Branch G. W. V. A., and leave their names recorded for medical examination by the travelling Board of Doctors on the date laid down, July 12th. This notice serves to state that Kingston Branch Board Pension Commissioners for Canada is closed, M. D. No. 2, reverting to, being the nearest centre, making Napanee a visiting centre for Pensions Board.
29-e

Everyone likes a cup of tea—if its good. That is the reason for "Daly's Good Tea" having such a tremendous sale. You can get it at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Killoran-Corrigan.

A very pretty ceremony was solemnized at St. Charles church, Read, on June 21st, at 9 a. m., when Hugh I. Killorin, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Killorin, Camden, was united in mariage to Miss Ivanna Loretta Corrigan, by the Rev. Father McCarthy. The wedding march was played by Miss Myrtle Killorin, cousin of the groom, as the bridal party entered the church. The bride was handsomely attired in white silk crepe de chene, with georgette overskirt trimmed with pearl beads, and a dainty white hat of georgette with a spray of lily of the valley. Miss Margaret Harrison, cousin of the groom, attended the bride, and was dressed in white crepe de chene, with a pretty white hat to match; while John Corrigan, brother of the bride, was best man. During the ceremony three solos were ably rendered by Miss Myrtle Killorin and brother, John, cousins of the groom. After the ceremony a large number of intimate friends motored to the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Corrigan, where a sumptuous repast awaited them. The happy couple left on the midnight train from Belleville for Toronto, Niagara and western points. A large number of costly presents testified to the esteem in which the young couple are held. The happy couple will reside up their residence in Camden. The best wishes of a large number of friends go with them.

Pure Manilla Hay Fork Rope at **Wilson's Hardware Store.**

SCHOOL REPORT, WILTON.

S. S. No. 19, Ernesttown.

FORM III to IV.—Helen Asselstine (honors), Edward Parrott (honors); Bert Asselstine, Ila Storms, Irene Burt, Vivian Brown (conditional), Ethel Babcock (conditional).

FORM II to III—Jean Burgess (honours), Iva Snider, Lilian Babcock, Eleanor Emberly, Arthur Burt, Arthur Simmons, Delbert Simmons, Helen Babcock, Hazel Brown.

FORM I to II—Violet Babcock, Gordon Cole, Arleen Parrott, Ruby Lakins.

FROM JR. I to SR. I—Jean Asselstine, Earl Cole, Ray Brown, Howard Babcock, Willie Griffith.

PRIMER—Ellwood Snider, Okel Griffith, Adrian Babcock, Jessie Snider, Milton Storms.

Names are in order of merit.
CLARE DARLING,
Teacher.

You'll need Wallace's preserving powder for your fruit more than ever this year with sugar so scarce. It's ten cents a package at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Individual Custom Tailoring

That is CORRECT in STYLE and FIT.

Cut from the fabric you choose and skillfully made.

JAMES WALTERS,
Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

ST ANDREW'S CHURCH

Rev. A. J. Wilson, B. A., B. D., pastor.

10.30—Morning service.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible Classes.
7.00—Evening service.
Wednesday, 7.30—Midweek meeting for prayer and Bible study.

S. MARY MAGDALENE CHURCH

Rev. J. H. H. Coleman, M. A., Vicar.

Services of S. Mary Magdalene Church:

10.30—Holy Communion.
12.00—Sunday School.
7.00—Evensong.
The evening service will be shortened during the summer months.

Hammocks.

A nice assortment of pretty Hammocks at DAVY & ALLISON'S

Boyes' Grocery.

Choice Groceries. Best fruits in season, good line of confectionery fancy cake and biscuits. Try our black tea. Try our Coffee. We pay the highest price for eggs. 'Phone 236. **G. W. Boyes,** John st

Killed in Runaway Accident.

Albert McKim, an aged resident of Tamworth, was killed on Tuesday by being thrown out of his buggy. Mr. McKim was driving on the road south of Tamworth going down a hill. It was raining at the time and Mr. McKim had a coat over his head to keep off the rain. Meeting someone on the road with an umbrella the horse bolted across the sidewalk into the school yard, throwing Mr. McKim out. He was found in a sitting position and badly dazed. He died a few hours later. He was about seventy-five years of age.

The Races.

A record crowd was in town on Thursday for the unveiling ceremonies and the races in the afternoon. Nearly were so many cars seen on park as on Thursday afternoon. Only two of the events were filled. The result was as follows:

2.30 Class—

Billy Patch	1	1	1
Dolly Patch	2	2	3
Bernard McKinney	3	3	2
Belle Varly	4	4	4

Time 24¼, 27, 24¼, 25.

2.18 Class—

Leon McKinney	1	3	2
Herman Winger	3	1	1
K. L. Lamperl	2	2	3

Time 17½, 17, 21½, 20¼.

The 2.10 Class was not filled, but Armadale was driven against time and made the mile in 2.11¼.

The baseball game between Picton and Napanee was rather one-sided, Picton having the best of the game all the way through. The score was 13-0 in favor of Picton.

S. S. 3 ADOLPHUSTOWN

JR. IV—Edw. Laveck, Jack Bygott.

SR. III—(a) Wilkie Simmons, (b) Geneva Laveck, Lillian Rawlinson, Harry Bygott.

SR. II—Mary Laveck, Robert Rawlinson.

FIRST—Sidney Simmons, Jas. Beasley.

SR. PRIMER—Muriel Piested, Chas. Bygott, Gordon Mack, Chas. Reynolds.

JR. PRIMER—Morley Beasley.

PROMOTIONS—Primer to First—Keith Magee (honors), James Laveck.

First to Second—Geo. Reynolds.

Second to Third—Audrey E. Rutan (honors).

Third to Fourth—Marion G. Roblin (honors).

M. L. DICKSON, Teacher.

England Building Locomotives.

There has been a marked revival in locomotive building in Great Britain since the conclusion of the war. One large engineering firm which recently entered this field is engaged on an order for many thousand locomotives for a foreign government, says an exchange. In the production of these locomotives all the highest refinements in economical mass production have been secured. The various shops are arranged so that the materials and parts flow uninterruptedly through to the finished locomotive, and each step in the process of manufacture and assembly is subjected to close continuous observation in order to prevent the slackening of one part in the process of evolution delaying the subsequent steps. So well planned were the whole arrangements that his firm has the credit of turning out the first locomotive built and completed after the armistice.

Lewis Burgess pure English Paris Green and Arsenate of Lead at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

TRINITY METH. CHURCH

Pastor—Rev. S. J. Shorey, D. D.

Union services of Grace and Trinity churches, in Grace church Rev. Dr. Shorey will be in charge of the services, both morning and evening.

The Mid-week services in Trinity S. S. room, Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock.

METHODIST SALARIES

At the Bay of Quinte Methodist Conference, recently held in Whitby, the Laymen's Association unanimously passed a strong resolution recommending the minimum salary of ministers to be raised to $1,500.00 per annum. It has been only $1,200.00.

To work out the details and to get the movement under way, the following Ministerial Support Committee was appointed with a Lay Chairman for each district in the Conference. The Lay Chairman will co-operate with the Ministerial Chairman and a representative for each circuit will be appointed.

President of Conference—Rev. C. H. Coon.

Chairman—Mr. J. M. Greene, Peterboro.

Vice-Chairman—Mr. M. K. Denyes, M.P.P., Holloway.

Secretary—Dr. J. E. Middleton, Peterboro.

Flying Squadron Committee—Mr. F. E. O'Flynn, Belleville, Mr. T. F. Harrison, Cobourg.

District Representatives—Belleville, Mr. F. E. O'Flynn, Belleville.

Napanee—Mr. Geo. Gibbard, Napanee.

Picton—Mr. R. H. Ireland, Wellington.

Brighton—Mr. A. N. Macklan, Brightoln.

Cobourg—Mr. T. F. Harrison, Cobourg.

Bowmanville—Mr. J. A. Holgate, Bowmanville.

Whitby—Mr. Geo. A. Rose, Port Perry.

Cannington—Mr. Geo. W. Keown, Woodville.

Lindsay—Mr. F. W. Sutcliffe, Lindsay.

Peterboro—Mr. T. Brown, Peterboro.

Campbellford—Mr. A. C. Denike, Havelock.

Madoc—Mr. W. S. Gordon, Tweed.

A meeting of the above committee with the District Lay Chairman has been called to meet in Belleville on Thursday, July 8th, to complete the plans for the promotion of the work.

It is hoped that every Methodist throughout the entire Conference will rise to the call of duty and obligation, in this connection for a better and more equitable support of their brethen.

SUMMER DRINKS

If the object of drinking is to quench thirst the best possible drink is pure, cold water. The next best drink to which a little lemon juice is added without any sugar. To those acustomed to sweetened lemonade the absence of sugar will be distasteful. But persistence for a time in doing without the sugar will be rewarded by a preference for the unsweetened, provided only enough lemon to slightly flavor is used.

Buttermilk, diluted with water, is a refreshing and nutritious drink, and ice-cold sweet milk is food as well as drink, and is, besides, a good substitute for meat in hot weather.

Wise mothers will be cautious about leting their children acquire a taste for fancy flavored drinks. It is easy to lose relish for plain water after flavored drinks have been indulged in, and the flavored drinks if good are expensive. The only really safe flavored drinks are those to which natural fruit juices are added, such as lemon, orange, pineapple, cherry, lime, etc. The artificial fruit flavorings are derived from coal tar, and are more or less deleterious to the delicate stomachs of children and of adults as well, who are not robust. Alcoholic flavorings introduce some alcohol into the system and so should be avoided. The alcohol is not driven off by heat as in baking.

Artificial colorings are used in some soda fountain drinks. These are derived from coal tar, and are therefore, injurious. With the scarcity of sugar it will be wise to watch that the soda fountain drinks are not sweetened with saccharin, another coal tar product.

A fine drink for treats in summer weather, or to serve at receptions is made from lemons and oranges in the proportion of one orange to two lemons. Sweeten to taste and add just enough ice-cold tea to give a very slight flavor and not enough to be recognized as tea.

Speaking, then, of such drinks as Cocoa-Cola and Afri Cola which are made up with the drug caffeine and extract of decocainized coca leaves, Dr. Wiley says: "It appears to me the mothers are remiss in their duty if they permit their children to drink artificial beverages containing caffeine at the soda fountain or elsewhere. There should be some restriction of law to protect young children from the harm done by these drinks. Just as cigarettes are not sold in some states to minors so caffeinated soft drinks should be denied to the same class .....Caffeine specifically excites the nerves and tends to produce wakefulness, a condition which undermines the system, especially the young."

Dr. Wiley might have added that drinks such as those mentioned are objectionable not only from the added drug, caffeine, but also, more so, if possible, from the added extract of cocoa leaves, the refuse of cocaine factories after the cocaine is supposedly all extracted. Why such dangerous refuse is permitted to be placed in soft drinks sold as "harmless" is a mystery only to be explained by ignorance of the facts or terrible indifference.

Government White Fish, coming in twice a week, 17c a lb.
E. R. TODD,
Market Meat Shop.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

WALL PAPER

Masters & Snider
Funeral Directors and Embalming
Successors to the late firm Carscallen Bros.

Wall Papers, Mouldings, Window Shades, Poles and Trimmings.

Carscallen Bros'. Old Stand
Centre Street, Napanee
Phone —Office 30, Residence 145. 8tf

For Coffee

Go to H. W. KELLY'S and get a pound of his famous coffee ground fresh while you wait. It has no equal.

Developing and printing by experts. To make sure no films are spoiled by amateurs, let our Toronto expert do your work—prices no higher and prompt service. WALLACE'S, sole agents for kodaks.

WONDERLAND

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Monroe Salisbury in "HIS DIVORCED WIFE."
Also "MIDNIGHT MAN," and Comedy.

MONDAY and TUESDAY

Special Select Pictures and "LIGHTNING BRYCE."

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY

Frank Keenan in "GATES OF BRASS."
Also Pearl White in "THE BLACK SECRET."

Orchestra Wednesday Night.

GEO. TUSTIN, Prop.

FOR SALE—
GOOD MOTOR BOAT
also
6 H. P. FAIRBANKS-MORSE STATIONARY GASOLINE ENGINE
APPLY
W. D. MIDMER
Lumber Dealer

Williams' Fly Oil for horses and cattle, $1.00 the gallon at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

Summer Sale!

Money Saving from 20 to 35 per cent.

Note prices and act quick. Sale time is limited.

5-doz. ladies' dainty Crepe Georgette Waists, all colors, our $10.00 line.....**Sale Price, Listen! $6.98**
Ladies' Crepe de Chene Waists, reg. $6.00. **Sale $4.50.** Reg. $6.50 **Sale $4.98**; and Silk Waists.....**Sale $2.25 up**
Ladies' Fine Voile Waists, reg. $1.75 **at $1.25**; reg. $2.50 **at $1.75**
Men's Suits, reg. $25.00 **at $18.00**; and reg. $30.00 .....**at $22.00**
Boys' Suits, reg. $8.50, **at $6.00**; and reg. $12.00.....**at $8.50**
Men's Socks.....**Sale price 25c., 35c., 50c. and 59c.**
Men's Underwear, reg. $1.00, ...**Sale 75c. garment or $1.50 suit**
Ladies' Silk Hose, reg. $1.00 **at 50c.**; reg. $1.50 .....**at 75c. pair**
Ladies' Corsets.....**Sale price from $1.25 up to $4.50**
Ladies' Underwear, reg. 50c. **at 35c.**; reg. 65c.....**at 40c. and 50c.**
Ladies' Drawers, reg. 85c. **at 65c.**; reg. $1.00.....**at 75c.**
Boys and Men's Bathing Suits.....**at Reduction Prices**
Men's Overalls and Shirts and Trousers.....**Reduced 25 per cent.**
500 yards Scrim Curtains, reg. 35c., 40c., 50c **Sale 25c., 30c. 35c. yd.**
Ladies' Silk Poplin Dresses, reg. $20.00.....**Sale $14.98**
Ladies' House Dresses.....**Sale price $1.50, $1.75, $1.98 and $2.25**
Children's White or Colored Dresses.....**From 98c. up to $3.00**
Ladies' White Skirts, reg. $2.50 **at $1.75**; reg. $3.00 .....**at $1.98**
Men's and Ladies' Rain Coats.....**Reduced 35 per cent.**

And all other goods at same reduction.
Do not fail to call and get a bargain.

J. E. YARED,
OPPOSITE ROYAL BANK, NAPANEE.
29-cp

CEMENT!
LUMBER
Building Supplies.
W. D. MIDMER,
Lumber and Building Supplies.
Mill and East Streets, NAPANEE, ONT.
'Phone, Office 14, Residence 123.
45tf

STRAND THEATRE!
THE HOME OF SUPERIOR PICTURES.
THE BEST THAT MONEY CAN BUY
WHERE ARTISTY MEETS QUALITY.
M. MAKER, Proprietor.

FRIDAY and SATURDAY, JULY 2nd and 3rd

Pretty Enid Bennett in a 5-part special feature, "THE LAW OF MAN."
Also a funny 2-reel Comedy, "TWO DOLLARS PLEASE."
And our special VOD-A-VIL Movies.

MONDAY and TUESDAY, JULY 5th and 6th

Wm. S. Hart, the famous Western star, in a 5-reel thriller, "SQUARE DEAL SANDERSON."
Daring Cleo Madison, in another thrilling episode of the big Universal serial, "THE RADIUM MYSTERY," the Fatal Ride—episode No. 3.

WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, JULY 7th and 8th

Elsie Ferguson, in an Artcraft extra special production, "THE MARRIAGE PRICE."
Antonio Moreno and Carol Holloway in episode No. 11 of our big special serial, "THE PERILS OF THUNDER MOUNTAIN."

Our theatre is always cool, clean and comfortable. Latest popular music used.

ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP
HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.
Everything Neat and Sanitary
Best of Service Guaranteed.
GIVE US A TRIAL

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP TOBACCO STORE

Best Attention, Careful Workmen
Quality Brands of Cigars,
Tobacco, Cigarettes, Pipes, etc.
PAUL KILLORIN, Proprietor

The Best Service

A store can give its customers is to provide the best possible VALUES for the prices asked.

We seek to do this, and it is our purpose to make you feel you can absolutely depend upon the QUALITY of your purchases here.

OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS MERIT YOUR CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee Ont.

Do not neglect to call and see our big display of

Bracelet Watches

We have beauties, all good grades, as we carry no cheap ones, so our name will carry a guarantee of Good Quality.

Watches from $17.00 Upwards.

Marriage Licenses.
Wedding Rings.
at

F. Chinneck's Jewellery Store

Woodhouse's celebrated poultry invigorator, animal invigorator, and louse powder, at DAVY'S Hardware and Stove Store.

GET IT AT WALLACE'S

Hard and soft cut wood for sale. 'Phone 53.

ROBT. LIGHT.

ICE

I am in the ice business again this year. Have purchased another ice house and expect to be in a position to supply all demands.

S. CASEY DENISON
CENTRE STREET, NORTH
'Phone 101.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
Office—Merchant's Bank Chambers, NAPANEE.
Money to Loan.
Phones—Office 93, Residence 123

U. M. WILSON,
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public crown Attorney, Clerk of the Peace.
Phones—Office 46, Residence 125
Office—Dundas St., NAPANEE

H. W. SMITH
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College. B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
PHONE 61

Dr. CAMERON WILSON
OFFICE—ROBERT STREET
House lately occupied by Mrs A. F. Holmes
Telephone—262.

T. M. GALBRAITH
B. A., M. D., C. M.
Cor. Dundas and West Streets
Specialty—Diseases of Children.
Office hours—Until 9 a. m. 1 p. m. till 3 p. m. 7 till 9 p. m.
Telephone—279.

Dr. R. V. McLAUGHLIN,
DENTIST
Entrance on John Street.
Over Wallace's Drug Store.
Telephone—10

W. T. BAIRD
ORGANIST AND CHOIR DIRECTOR
of Trinity Methodist Church
Teacher of Piano, Organ and Voice Culture.
A few pupils will be accepted.
Studio—Bridge Street, east.

BUY YOUR BUTTER WRAPPERS AT THIS OFFICE

Richmond Farmers' Co-operative Association.

FULL STOCK OF
Flour and Feeds, etc. A car of Salt on hand. We are headquarters for
Cream Separators
Call and see them and get our prices.
600 lb. capacity, $69.50.
800 lb. capacity, $74.50.

Sid. C. S. McKIM, Manager

Pure linseed oil and genuine white lead always in stock at WILSON'S Hardware Store.

For cake or pudding have you tried Bonner's Seeded and Seedless Raisins and Currants. They are the best in the market. If, W. KELLY keeps them. Also Dromedary Dates carefully layered and wrapped in dust proof packages all fresh and good.

PHOTOS Amateurs Attention Picture Framing

Have your FILMS DEVELOPED and PRINTED by a Practical Photographer, at
THE COOKE STUDIO
Next to Napanee Post Office.
ENLARGING COPYING

WE HAVE THEM ALWAYS ON HAND.
Willard—the best Storage Battery. Hart—Accumulator Storage Battery. Columbia—Hot Shots and Dry Cell Batteries.
Spark Plugs—for all cars. Light Bulbs—all sizes.
Pumps, Jacks, H. & D. Shock Absorbers. A full line of Auto Accessories. Gasoline and Best Grade of Oils. Once you call you call again at
GRAHAM'S GARAGE
Next Gibbard's Retail Furniture Store.

When Ontario Was Exciting

SOME time when you want to hear tales of red-blooded, two-fisted men and Homeric fights just drop into the office of Superintendent Joseph E. Rogers, of the Provincial Police at the Parliament Buildings. If you can induce him to talk you'll forget that you are sitting in a cosy room, its walls adorned with souvenirs and photographs, and you'll be out in the woods and mining camps among crude men who might have furnished material for some of Jack London's greatest stories. There's fire, and death, too, hairbreadth escapes, and often horror, when "Joe" Rogers loosens up.

His youth was spent 'round Barrie, where his father, Major Joseph Rogers, now a veteran 88 years old, was high constable of the County of Simcoe. Young Joe got his first experience of police work as assistant to his father.

Barrie was a nice little town some forty or fifty years ago, but the centre of lumber camps which afforded a field for a certain liveliness. The type of man found there then has passed. They were tough characters, working hard, living hard, and drinking heavily. Yet crime was not of a serious nature. Saturday night, however, was generally celebrated by a wild spree ending in fighting. Bullies from the woods would flock into the town, and blows often led to a free-for-all.

One night Rogers came on such a scrap, with 150 people forming a ring. He was pretty husky then, and had lots of nerve, so he went right into the crowd and tried to stop the fight. First thing he knew he had been thrown clean over the heads of the people outside the ring.

Supt. Rogers joined the Government service on December 13, 1884. In those days there was only one other police officer, the late John W. Murray. They were then called Government detectives. Later the name was changed to inspectors of criminal investigation. In 1893 the present Inspector Greer of the provincial force was taken on. There were just the three of them until 1909, when the present Provincial Police was organized, with Supt. Rogers as chief. To-day the force numbers fifty.

One of the first jobs Mr. Rogers tackled was the suppression of bootlegging at Biscotasing, when the C.P.R. were using it as a construction point for the extension of their line out west. He went up there with a band of "specials" from Toronto, with the present Chief Inspector, Robert McLelland, with him as second in command. They seized so much liquor and secured so many fines that they were able to build a lock-up and pay the expenses of the trip. One day the Riot Act had to be read, but Mr. Rogers and his men settled that matter by driving the crowd and walloping them with their fists.

Mr. Rogers' narrowest escape was once when a man fired across the street at him with a .22 revolver. "If he hit me I didn't feel it," he admits naively. He had a close call when arresting a horse thief about twenty years ago. The first scene was laid inside a house. The thief, caught unawares, was seated at a table and made a break to get away. He and Rogers clinched. The thief was a powerful fellow and the two men had an up-and-down scrap for a while. At last the thief pulled a knife and jabbed at Rogers' throat, missing it but slashing his coat at the shoulder. He got away, but Rogers clipped him on the head with a bullet, cutting a furrow just above the ear. That man kept on running towards the railway tracks across the ruins of some burnt houses with Rogers in close pursuit. Suddenly he stepped on a hidden cellar door and disappeared. His pursuer jumped down on top of him and clapped the handcuffs on him before he had recovered from his astonishment.

Supt. Rogers has been actively interested in most of the Ontario murders of the last thirty-five years. He regards the Day murder as one of the most revolting with which he ever came in contact. He was associated with the late Chief Ywung in the Falls in bringing the murderer to the gallows.

This man Day came up from Rochester to spend Sunday at Niagara Falls with his wife and sister. They went down the Canadian side to the neighborhood of the Whirlpool Rapids. There, while the sister kept watch for intruders, Day pushed his wife over the steep bank.

Her body was not found for weeks. Then some boys stumbled on it, terribly decomposed.

Day was summoned to Niagara Falls to identify it. Supt. Rogers was in the room when he came in. Asked if that was his wife, Day, instead of stooping down as a husband might, callously gave the poor, decomposed body a half-kick, turning it over, and exclaimed, "Yes, that was my wife." Shocked at his lack of sentiment, Mr. Rogers muttered, "You swine, if you have done this, we'll get you." They "got" him all right, at the end of a long trial, and he was hanged at Welland. His sister was used as a crown witness.

Major Hobbs' Bounty.

Major Basil D. Hobbs, D.S.O., D.S.C., Sault Ste. Marie, has been awarded £90 prize bounty by the prize court for the destruction of the German submarine UC-5 in September, 1917, when commanding the American Seaplane 8676. The submarine sank with the crew of 18, for each of whom Hobbs was awarded £5. Hobbs, who is also said to have destroyed a Zeppelin, and other submarines, is one of the most famous Canadian airmen.

For Tea

Send to H. W. KELLY'S grocery and get a pound of his fancy biscuits; they are cheaper than making a cake when sugar is 20c. per lb. He has fifty different kinds to choose from.

Dust your chickens with Instant Louse Killer. It does the work without harm to the chickens. It's fine for dusting cabbage worms too. For sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

QUEBEC WOMAN HAD SUFFERED 18 YEARS

Tanlac Gave Her Health and Strength and Joy, Says Mrs. Madison.

"I was so run down that I was thinking of quitting work," says Mrs. Edward Maddison, superintendent of the girls' department of the Rock City Tobacco Co.'s factory in Quebec, when seen by the Tanlac representative at her home 31 Smith street, Quebec, recently.

"For eighteen years I have suffered from indigestion with all its distressing accompaniments of excessive gas, dizziness and bad headaches, but lately it had got very much worse. I was eating scarcely enough to keep body and soul together and got very thin. Neuralgic pains drove me almost to distraction and the rheumatism in my arms was so severe that I could hardly use them. My sleep was very disturbed and broken and in the mornings I felt tired and weary. I began to see that if I did not soon find a remedy for my condition I would collapse. I must have tried nearly every medicine that the druggists sell but they never helped me one particle.

"I had read in the papers about how people derived great benefit from Tanlac, so I thought I would put it to a test. I did indeed congratulate myself on doing so because it has helped me wonderfully. I have now taken four bottles of the medicine and this is what it has done for me. My appetite is splendid and I not only enjoy my food but find that I can digest it without difficulty. I no longer have dizzy spells when at my work and the neuralgia and rheumatism have completely disappeared. I sleep soundly and rise in the mornings feeling refreshed. The color has come back into my cheeks and my complexion is much improved. I have gained a great deal in weight and truly I feel altogether better both in body and in spirits. I give you these facts gladly, for Tanlac has given me health and strength and joy at a time when I was a much discouraged woman by my bad state of health."

Tanlac is sold in Napane at WALLACE'S Drug Store, in Camden East by R. J. OSTER, in Wagarville by S. JACKSON.
(advt)

Sudden Sleepy Fits.

Narcolepsy is a nervous disorder characterized by sudden fits of uncontrollable drowsiness, the sleep lasting only a short time. Dr. Charles S. Myers, who was formerly psychologist to the British army in France, describes in the London Lancet a cure that he effected by a sort of mild hypnosis, which in a second and second in command. They seized so much liquor and secured so many fines that they were able to build a lock-up and pay the expenses of the trip. One day the Riot Act had to be read, but Mr. Rogers and his men settled that matter by driving the crowd and walloping them with their fists.

Mr. Rogers' narrowest escape was once when a man fired across the street at him with a .22 revolver. "If he hit me I didn't feel it," he admits naively. He had a close call when arresting a horse thief about twenty years ago. The first scene was laid inside a house. The thief, caught unawares, was seated at a table and made a break to get away. He and Rogers clinched. The thief was a powerful fellow and the two men had an up-and-down scrap for a while. At last the thief pulled a knife and jabbed at Rogers' throat, missing it but slashing his coat at the shoulder. He got away, but Rogers clipped him on the head with a bullet, cutting a furrow just above the ear. That man kept on running towards the railway tracks across the ruins of some burnt houses with Rogers in close pursuit. Suddenly he stepped on a hidden cellar door and disappeared. His pursuer jumped down on top of him and clapped the handcuffs on him before he had recovered from his astonishment.

Supt. Rogers has been actively interested in most of the Ontario murders of the last thirty-five years. He regards the Day murder as one of the most revolting with which he ever came in contact. He was associated with the late Chief Ywung in the Falls in bringing the murderer to the gallows.

This man Day came up from Rochester to spend Sunday at Niagara Falls with his wife and sister. They went down the Canadian side to the neighborhood of the Whirlpool Rapids. There, while the sister kept watch for intruders, Day pushed his wife over the steep bank.

Her body was not found for weeks. Then some boys stumbled on it, terribly decomposed.

Day was summoned to Niagara Falls to identify it. Supt. Rogers was in the room when he came in. Asked if that was his wife, Day, instead of stooping down as a husband might, callously gave the poor, decomposed body a half-kick, turning it over, and exclaimed, "Yes, that was my wife." Shocked at his lack of sentiment, Mr. Rogers muttered, "You swine, if you have done this, we'll get you." They "got" him all right, at the end of a long trial, and he was hanged at Welland. His sister was used as a crown witness.

Major Hobbs' Bounty.

Major Basil D. Hobbs, D.S.O., D.S.C., Sault Ste. Marie, has been awarded £90 prize bounty by the prize court for the destruction of the German submarine UC-5 in September, 1917, when commanding the American Seaplane 8676. The submarine sank with the crew of 18, for each of whom Hobbs was awarded £5. Hobbs, who is also said to have destroyed a Zeppelin, and other submarines, is one of the most famous Canadian airmen.

For Tea

Send to H. W. KELLY'S grocery and get a pound of his fancy biscuits; they are cheaper than making a cake when sugar is 20c. per lb. He has fifty different kinds to choose from.

Dust your chickens with Instant Louse Killer. It does the work without harm to the chickens. It's fine for dusting cabbage worms too. For sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

THE DREADED TORNADO

"FUNNEL CLOUD" ALWAYS TRAVELS NORTHEASTWARD.

Many Strange Tricks Are Played by These Terrible Storms, But They Do Not Trouble Those Parts of the North American Continent Where Mountains Are to Be Found to Break Their Force.

EXCEPTING a volcanic explosion of magnitude, the tornado is the most appalling of natural phenomena. No structure erected by human hands can resist it, and the only safeguard against it is a mountain range.

The dreaded "funnel cloud" always travels northeastward. Therefore Eastern Canada is fairly safe, but the prairie provinces have not always enjoyed equal immunity. Regina suffered a few years ago, but on the whole they are more common in the United States than in this country.

A tornado presents to the eye the appearance of a mass of vapor from which is extended toward the ground a whirling appendage like an enormously magnified elephant's trunk. The latter, perhaps 1,000 feet in diameter, rotates with a motion contrary to the hands of a clock, traveling along the earth at about thirty miles an hour, with a roaring noise that deafens, and sucking up everything in its path.

The noise it makes is a combined "woo-oo-oo" and "whir-r-r-r," and has been compared to that of 1,000 express trains passing over a bridge. With a lifting, sucking movement the cloud draws things upward; its whirling motion tears them to little bits, and grinds them as if in a mill. Houses are lifted bodily off their foundations, and while in the air are torn to pieces.

The track devastated by a tornado may be a few hundred feet to a mile wide. It is not necessarily continuous, for the funnel cloud may lift itself clear of the ground at intervals, then dip, and again rebound. Its arrival is accompanied by frightful crashes of thunder and lightning that set the whole sky aflame. Its departure is immediately followed by a deluge of rain.

There is no safe refuge to be found in the strongest building of brick or stone. On the contrary, such a structure, easily destroyed by the violence of the tornado, is liable to bury people beneath its ruins. In the Louisville tornado, March 27, 1890, forty-four persons were killed by the collapse of the City Hall. On that occasion huge balls of fire rolled about the streets as a feature of the electrical display.

The tornado that struck St. Louis in May, 1896, wiped out $13,000,000 worth of property. After passing with destructive effect through several miles of brick buildings, it left the city with greater force than when it entered. Hence arises the futility of planting forests to the southwest of cities for a barrier against tornadoes, for they only gain in intensity more resistance than so many blades of grass.

The funnel cloud is no longer a mystery, though its terrors have been no whit diminished by knowledge of its significance as a phenomenon. It is now known to be caused by an exaggerated thunderstorm, engendered under like conditions, but owing its development to at least one feature that is happily exceptional.

On a warm day the air near the surface of the ground has a relatively high temperature. A flood of cold air, let us say, flows in above, contributing a higher level. This is an unstable arrangement, because the warm air, being lighter, would naturally be on top. An atmospheric fuss results, and we have what is called a thunderstorm, the warm air and cold air gradually commingling.

But occasionally it happens that the cold flood above finds a weak spot, where the upward pressure of warm air from beneath is less than elsewhere. This offers a hole through which the cold air can descend, and it pours through suddenly in a vertical column, unsupported basin, of water escaping through the vent hole. You have noticed the violent whirling motion of water running in this way: the same thing happens to the cold flood of air streaming down from above.

The cold, descending, condenses the moisture in the lower stratum, and thus is formed a mass of vaporous air which takes the shape of a monstrous balloon with a long neck extending toward the earth. This is the funnel cloud, which the vapor makes visible. The sudden condensation of moisture causes electrical discharges of appalling violence, hence the thunder and lightning.

The neck of the cloud is a hollow tube, inside of which is a high vacuum. Thus it sucks up whatever it comes across, even the walls and roofs of houses, and picking up houses and people. Revolving at a speed of at least 500 miles an hour, its destructive force is irresistible. More likely its speed of rotation is four times that, as may be judged from the fact that it will drive straws through inch planks, which would require the velocity of a rifle bullet.

The tornado's freaks are of endless variety. During the recent tornado in the west, a baby was carried out of a house by the funnel cloud and deposited unharmed across the street, it will twist iron girders and railroad rails into corkscrews; it has been known to pluck chickens without hurting them, to strip the trimming off a lady's dress as neatly as if done by hand, to drive a piece of scantling six inches square lengthwise through a hog, to hang buggies up in tall trees, to toss three-ton blocks of granite about as if they were pebbles, to transport a cow half a mile and set it down unhurt, and to take up a securely tacked carpet and carry it out of the house without tearing it.

Don't forget to go to H. W. KELL'S for canned goods for your picnics. He has a fresh lot of Sardines, Lobsters, Salmon, Tuna Fish, Pork and Beans and Pickles. Fruit in season.

When we quote you a price on paint, oil, white lead, and turpentine, it means for pale boiled oil, genuine elephant lead, and chemically pure turpentine. We invite careful inspection. WALLACE'S, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

Screen Doors and windows, and wire netting in all sizes, at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

WESTERN CITIES.

Five of Them Grew From Trading Posts.

Winnipeg, Edmonton, Calgary, Vancouver and Victoria all grew about old Hudson's Bay trading posts. Winnipeg evolved from old Fort Garry at the junction of the Red and Assiniboine rivers, which for years was the capital of the company's empire, extending at one time threefourths of North America. Edmonton developed from a fur post established by the company in 1795, which for nearly half a century remained civilization's westernmost outpost in all the region east of the Rocky Mountains. A Hudson's Bay store and a Royal Northwest Mounted Police fort built on the raw prairie in 1875 formed the nucleus about which Calgary grew. A Hudson's Bay store, erected in 1887, was one of the first buildings in a straggling village which became Vancouver. Sir James Douglas in 1843 built on Vancouver Island a fort which is now the city of Victoria and the original Hudson's Bay fort just outside of the walls of the fort of brick, brought round Cape Horn from England, is standing to-day.

Two Hearts That Beat as One.

David Holmes, the Canadian who is said to be the proud possessor of two hearts which work together in perfect harmony, is only one of many men whose physical equipment defies every recognized rule, and who are a sore puzzle to the cleverest of doctors.

It is not long since we were reading of a man, named Lewis, whose heart emits musical sounds clearly audible across a large room.

The music, it is said, resembles that of a calliope in miniature, the notes being metallic and sweet. Lewis is a Pole, who some years ago was exiled to Siberia for a petty offence, and was wounded while trying to make his escape. The weapon pierced his chest, grazing his heart and severing it in some mysterious way into a musical air, which for many years has been the wonder of medical world.

Almost more remarkable is a well-known New Yorker who plays first and loses with the loss of gravity, in a manner that would be quite incredible if it were not vouched for by the chief scientists in America and the continent.

When the ordinary man steps on the weighing machine his weight registers as, say, 200 pounds, and if he weighs 300 pounds, although he is a slight man whose apparent weight cannot be more than 120 pounds, until my own weight his weight and it falls to that of a boy of ten.

It is a scientific, a man of average stature, and has a body up and down as well as sideways, and if he were 7 scientific—and this is not a joke—he would be able to walk up the wall of a house.

Among men, existing their utmost capacity, must push him off the edge of a platform.

He himself is quite unable to exhibit his remarkable physical peculiarity. All he knows is that it is increasing daily in power, and he quietly thinks that the law of gravitation will require some amendment as the logical outcome of it.

Igloos Built of Concrete.

Though the snow blocks of the Eskimo igloo might almost class as permanent building material in the land of perpetual ice, their use does not accord with even the most primitive ideas of civilization. And it is a matter of governmental recognition that the Eskimo Indians of the Pribilof Islands are rapidly gaining in sophistication, as the prices of the pinkskins and blue and grey fox pelts they sell mount higher and higher.

Those bits of frozen land in Behring Sea, whose total area is less than 70 square miles, have only about 350 inhabitants, yet they are being assailed by all the aspirations of prosperity, and are beginning to buy the most interesting items the mail-order catalogues offer.

Writing in Popular Mechanics Magazine describes how engineers are building igloos of concrete for these Eskimos, thus substituting the most substantial of materials for what seems, from the temperate zone viewpoint, the most ephemeral. It is to be noted, however, that the igloos are carefully adhered closely to the native style of architecture. The new concrete dwellings introduce no unfamiliar and distressing innovations to their tenants.

If those built this season are accepted as satisfactory to the changing Eskimo mind, a whole colony of them will be constructed next summer.

Nests of Australian Jungle Fowls.

The mound-shaped nests of the jungle fowls of Australia, in which the eggs are hatched by the heat of the decomposing vegetation, are sometimes fifteen feet high and 150 feet in circumference.

Tides in the Bay of Fundy rise rapidly from 60 to 70 feet.

Satisfying to the thirst, and a wholesome summer drink—the famous "Montserrat limejuice," for sale at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

The Way to the West
DAILY SERVICE
Lve. TORONTO (Union Station)
9.15 P.M.
WINNIPEG BRANDON REGINA SASKATOON
The National Way
CALGARY EDMONTON VANCOUVER VICTORIA
STANDARD TRANS-CONTINENTAL TRAIN EQUIPMENT THROUGHOUT, INCLUDING NEW ALL-STEEL TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.
Sun. Mon. Wed. Fri.—Canadian National all the way.
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Tickets and full information from nearest Canadian National Railways' agent,
or General Passenger Department, Toronto.
Industrial Department Toronto and Winnipeg will furnish full particulars regarding land in Western Canada available for farming or other purposes.
Canadian National Railways

Carolyn of the Corners

By RUTH BELMORE ENDICOTT

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"Why—why— But, Uncle Joe! how do I know you de love me?" demanded the little girl. "You never told me so!"

The startled man sank upon the log again.

"Well, maybe that's so," he murmured. "I s'pose it isn't my way to be very—very—softlike. But listen here, Carlyn May."

"Yes, sir."

"I ain't likely to tell you very frequently how much I—I think of you. Ahem! But, you'd better stop worrying about such things as money and the like. What I've got comes pretty near belonging to you. Anyway, unless I have to go to the poorhouse myself, I reckon you needn't worry about going," and he coughed again dryly.

"As far as loving you— Well, I'll admit, under cross-examination, that I love you."

"Dear Uncle Joe!" she sighed ecstatically. "I don't mind if I am charity.

"If You Love Me It Takes All the Sting Out."

If you love me, it takes all the sting out. And I'll help to make you happy, too!"

CHAPTER IX.

A Find in the Drifts.

Before the week was over, winter had come to Sunrise Cove and The Corners in earnest. Snow fell and drifted, until there was scarcely anything to be seen one morning when Carolyn May awoke and looked out of her bedroom windows but a white, fleecy mantle.

This was more snow than the little girl had ever seen in New York. She came down to breakfast very much excited.

Uncle Joe had shoveled off the porch and steps, and Prince had beaten his own dooryard in the snow in front of his house. For he had a house of his own, now—a roomy, warm one—built by Mr. Parlow.

It must be confessed that, although Uncle Joe paid for the building of his doghouse, he never would have been built by Jedidiah Parlow had it not been for Carolyn May.

At noon Uncle Joe came home, dragging a sled—a big roomy one, glistening with red paint. Just the nicest sled Carolyn May had ever seen, and one of the best the hardware dealer carried in stock.

"Oh, my, that's lovely!" breathed the little girl in awed delight. "That's ever so much better than any sled I ever had before. And Prince could draw me on it, if I only had a harness for him. He used to drag me in the park. Of course, if he saw a cat, I had to get off and hold him."

Mr. Stagg, once started upon the path of good deeds, seemed to like it. At night he brought home certain straps and rivets, and in the kitchen, much to Aunty Rose's amusement, he fitted Prince to a harness which the next day Carolyn May used on the dog, and Prince drew her very nicely along the beaten paths.

By Saturday the roads were in splendid condition for sleighing.

So Carolyn May went sledding.

Out of sight of the houses grouped at The Corners the road to town seemed as lonely as though it were a veritable wilderness. Here and there the drifts had piled six feet deep, for the wind had a free sweep across the barrens.

"Now, there's somebody coming," said Carolyn May, seeing a moving object ahead between the clouds of drifting snow spray. "Is it a sleigh, Princey, or just a man?"

She lost sight of the object, then sighted it again.

"It must be a man. It don't look a bear, Princey."

The strange object had disappeared again.

It was just at the place where the spring spouted out of the rocky hillside and trickled across the road. There was a sort of natural watering trough here in the rock where the horses stopped to drink. The dog drew the little girl closer to the spot.

"Where has that man gone to? If it was a man."

Prince stopped suddenly and whined and then looked around at his mistress, as though to say: "See there!"

Carolyn May tumbled off the sled in a hurry. When she did so she slipped on a patch of snow-covered ice and fell. But she was not hurt.

"There! that's where the water runs across the road. It's all slippery. Oh!"

It was the sleeve of a man's rough coat thrust out of the snowbank that brought this last cry to the child's lips.

"Oh, oh! It's a man!" burst from Carolyn May's trembling lips. "How cold he must be!"

She plumped down on her knees and began brushing the snow away. She uncovered his shoulder. She took hold of this with her mittened hands and tried to shake the prone figure.

"Oh, do wake up! Please wake up!" she cried, digging away the snow as fast as possible.

A shaggy head was revealed, with an old cap pulled down tightly over the ears. The man moved again and grunted something. He half turned over, and there was blood upon the snow, and a great frosted cake of it on the side of his face.

Carolyn May was dreadfully frightened. The man's head was cut and the blood was smeared over the front of his jacket. Now she could see a puddle of it, right where he had fallen on the ice—just as she had fallen herself. Only, he had struck his head on a rock and cut himself.

"You poor thing!" murmured Carolyn May. "Oh, you mustn't lie here! You must get up! You'll—you'll be frozen!"

"Easy, mate," muttered the man. "I ain't jest right in my top-hamper, I reckon. Hold hard, matey."

He tried to get up. He rose to his knees, but pitched forward again. Carolyn May was not afraid of him now—only troubled.

"I'll take you to Miss Amanda's," cried the little girl, pulling at his coat again. "She's a nurse, and she'll know just what to do for you. Come, Prince and I will take you."

Then she guided the half-blinded man to the sled, on which he managed to drop himself.

Prince pulled, and Carolyn May pulled, and together they got the sled, with the old sailor upon it, to the Parlow carpenter shop.

Mr. Parlow slid back the front door of his shop to stare in wonder at the group.

"For the great land of Jehoshaphat!" he croaked. "Carlyn May! what you got there?"

"Oh, Mr. Parlow, do come and help us—quick!" gasped the little girl. "My friend has had a dreadful bad fall."

"Your friend?" repeated the carpenter. "I declare, it's that tramp that went by here just now!"

Mr. Parlow made a clucking noise in his throat when he saw the blood.

"Guess you're right, Carlyn May," he admitted. "Call Mandy. She must see this."

Miss Amanda's attention had already been attracted to the strange arrival. She ran out and helped her father raise the injured man from the sled. Together they led him into the cottage.

He was not at all a bad-looking man, although his clothing was rough and coarse.

Miss Amanda brought warm water and bathed the wound, removing the congealed blood from his face and neck.

When the last bandage was adjusted and the injured man's eyes were closed, Mr. Parlow offered him a wine-glass of a home-made cordial. The sailor gulped it down, and the color began to return to his cheeks.

"Where was you goin', anyway?" demanded the carpenter.

"Goin' for a job, mate," said the sailor. "There's them in town that tells me I'd find work at Adams' camp."

"Ha! didn't tell you 'twas ten mile away from here, did they?"

"Is it? Well, no, they didn't tell me that," admitted the visitor, "or I'd not started so late. You see, I come up on a schooner. This here lake boatin' ain't in my line. I'm deep-water, I am."

"So I should s'pose," said Mr. Parlow. "How'd you git up here, anyway?"

"The war," said the visitor. "The war done it. Couldn't git a good berth in any deep-water bottom. So I thought I'd try fresh-water sailin'. I tell you, matey, I been workin' as quartermaster's mate on the old Cross and Crescent line, a-scootin' 'cross to Naples from N'York—there and back—goin' on ten year."

"What did you leave your boat for?" asked the carpenter curiously.

"She was sunk. There's things happenin' over to the other side of the ocean, mate," said the injured man earnestly, "that you wouldn't believe on, sir! The Cross and Crescent line's give up business till after the war's over, I reckon."

"You'd better not encourage him to talk any more, father," interposed Miss Amanda, coming into the room again. "The best thing he can do for himself is to sleep for a while."

"Thank ye, ma'am," said the sailor humbly. "I'll try."

Darkness came on apace. The sky had become overcast, and there was promise of a stormy night—more snow, perhaps. But Miss Amanda would not allow Carolyn May and Prince to start for home at once.

"Watch for your uncle, Carolyn May, out of the front-room window, and be all ready to go with him when he comes along," said Miss Parlow.

When Uncle Joe came along, Carolyn May ran out and hailed him from the porch.

"Wait for me, Uncle Joe! Wait for me and Princey, please! Just let me get my mittens and Prince's harness and kiss Miss Mandy."

That last she did most soundly, and in full view of the man waiting in the white road.

"Oh, Uncle Joe, I've got just the wonderfulest story to tell you! Shall we harness Prince up again, or will you—"

"I can't wait for the dog, Carlyn May. I'm in a hurry. You oughtn't to be out in this wind, either. Get aboard your sled, now, and I'll drag you myself," Mr. Stagg interrupted.

CHAPTER X.

A Salt-Sea Flavor.

Swiftly Joseph Stagg trudged toward home, dragging Carolyn May behind him.

"Oh, dear me!" exclaimed the little girl with exultation, "we're all so excited, Uncle Joe!"

"I can see you're all of a-twitter," he returned absent-mindedly. "What's the matter?"

"Oh, you never could guess!" was Carolyn May's introduction, and forthwith, in breathless sentences, went on

Swiftly Joseph Stagg Trudged Towards Home, Dragging Carolyn May Behind Him.

to tell of her discovery in the snow and about the old sailor now lying asleep on the Parlow couch.

Of course, when Carolyn May arrived at home, the story had to be told all over again to Aunty Rose Kennedy.

A mighty plucky youngster, this Carlyn May of ours," Uncle Joe remarked. "What do you say, Aunty Rose?"

"She is, indeed, Joseph Stagg," agreed the woman.

Carolyn May insisted on going to the Parlow house herself after school the next afternoon to inquire about her "sailor man."

When she had been kissed by Miss Amanda, and Prince had lain down by the kitchen range, the little girl demanded:

"And do tell me how my sailor man is, Miss Mandy. He got such a bump on his head!"

"Yes; the man's wound is really serious. I'm keeping him in bed. But you can go up to see him. He's talked a lot about you, Carolyn May."

The sailor lay in the warm bedroom over the kitchen.

Carolyn May prattled on gayly and soon had her "sailor man" telling all about the sea and ships, and "they that go down therein."

"For, you see," explained Carolyn May, "I'm dreadful cur'ous about the sea. My papa and mamma were lost at sea."

"You don't say so, little miss!" exclaimed the old fellow. "Aye, aye, that's too bad."

Miss Amanda had disappeared, busy about some household matter, and the little girl and the sailor were alone together.

"Yes," Carolyn May proceeded, "it is dreadful hard to feel that it is so."

"Feel that what's so, little miss?" asked the man in bed.

"That my papa and mamma are really drowned-ed," said the little girl with quivering lips. "Some of the folks on their boat were saved. The papers said so."

"Aye, aye!" exclaimed the sailor, his brows puckered into a frown. "Aye, aye, matey! that's allus the way. Why, I was saved myself from a wreck. I was in the first officer's boat, and we in that boat was saved. There was another boat—the purser's, it was—was drift'n' about all night with us. We come one time near smashin' into each other and wreckin' both boats. There was a heavy swell on.

"Yet," pursued the sailor, "come daylight, and the fog splittin', we never could find the purser's boat. She had jest as good a chance as us after the steamship sunk. But there it was! We got separated from her, and we was saved, whilst the purser's boat wasn't never heard on again."

"That was dreadful!" sighed the little girl.

"Yes, little miss. And the poor passengers! Purser had twenty or more in his boat. Women mostly. But there was a sick man, too. Why, I helped lower his wife and him into the boat 'fore I was called to go with the first officer in his boat. We was the last to cast off. The purser had jest as good a chance as we did.

"I guess I won't never forgit that time, little miss," went on the seaman, seeing the blue eyes fixed on his face, round with interest. "No! And I've seen some tough times, too.

"The ship was riddled. She had to sink—and it was night.

"There was a sick man I told you about, little miss. He was a wonder, that feller! Cheerful—brave— Don't often see a feller like him. Jokin' to the last, he was. He didn't want to go in the purser's boat, if there was more women or children to go.

"We told him all the women folk had left the ship. So, then, he let me lower him down into the purser's boat after his wife. And that boat had as good a chance as we had, I tell you," repeated the seaman in quite an excited manner.

"Oh, dear me!" exclaimed Carolyn May. "My papa and mamma might have been just like that," she added. "Of course, we don't know whether they got off the steamship at all."

"Aye, aye!" the sailor said. "Pretty tough on you, little miss."

Miss Amanda had come back into the room, and she stood listening to the old man's talk. She said:

"Carolyn May, I think you had better go downstairs now. We mustn't let our patient talk too much. It won't be good for him."

So Carolyn May shook hands with the old sailor and started downstairs ahead of Miss Amanda. The latter lingered a moment to ask a question.

"What was the name of the steamship you were wrecked on?" she asked. "The one you were just telling about."

"She was the Dunraven—the Dunraven, of the Cross and Crescent line," replied the mariner. "Didn't I tell you that before, ma'am?"

CHAPTER XI.

Will Wonders Never Cease?

Again it snowed all night.

It was on the next day, and at noon

SAVED FROM LIFELONG MISERY

And a Dangerous Operation, by Taking "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

MRS. M. J. GORSE

3928 Union St., Vancouver, B.C.

"I suffered with all the symptoms of Female Trouble, with chronic Constipation and constant Headaches. *I had pains low down in the back and sides of the body.* I tried various remedies without relief, and then put myself under a doctor's care and he advised me to have an operation. I refused.

Then, I started taking 'Fruit-a-tives'; and from the outset, I felt better, and *this medicine has completely relieved me* of all my misery and suffering. My weight was only 143 pounds and now it is 168 pounds. *I am free of pain* and headaches and the terrible Constipation; and what saved me from misery is the splendid fruit medicine, 'Fruit-a-tives'."

MRS. M. J. GORSE.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited Ottawa, Ont.

time, when Mr. Stagg was returning to the store, that a most astounding thing happened.

Mr. Stagg was walking briskly toward Sunrise Cove in his big felt snowboots, such as all men wore in that locality, and was abreast of the Parlow shop and cottage—which he always sought to avoid looking at—when he heard a door open and close.

He tried not to look that way. But his ear told him instantly that the person who had come out was Miss Amanda, rather than her father. Knowing this, how could he help darting a glance at her?

Miss Amanda stood on the porch, looking directly at him.

"Mr. Stagg," she called earnestly, "I must speak to you."

Save on the Sunday when Prince had killed the blacksnake, Miss Amanda had not spoken directly to the hardware merchant in all these hungry years. It rather shocked Joseph Stagg now that she should do so.

"Will you come in?" she urged him, her voice rather tremulous.

There was a moment of absolute silence.

"Bless me! Yes!" ejaculated the hardware man finally.

"I assure you, Mr. Stagg," Miss Amanda said hurriedly, "it is no personal matter that causes me to stop you in this fashion."

"No, ma'am?" responded the man stiffly.

"I want you to come in and speak with this sailor who was hurt," she finally said. "There is something he can tell you, Mr. Stagg, that I think you should know."

The big rocking-chair by the window, in which Miss Amanda's mother had for several years before her death spent her waking hours, was now occupied by the sailor.

"This is the little girl's uncle, Benjamin," Miss Amanda said quietly. "He will be interested in what you have already told me about the loss of the Dunraven. Will you please repeat it all?"

"The Dunraven?" gasped Mr. Stagg, sitting down without being asked. "Hannah—"

"There is no hope, of course," Amanda Parlow spoke up quickly, "that your sister, Mr. Stagg, and her husband were not lost. But having found out that Benjamin was on the steamer with them, I thought you should know. I have warned him to be careful how he speaks before Carolyn May. You may wish to hear the story at first hand."

"Thank you," choked Joseph Stagg. He wanted to say more, but could not.

Benjamin Hardy's watery eyes blinked, and he blew his nose.

"Aye, aye, mate!" he rumbled, "hard lines—for a fact. I give my testimony 'fore the consul when we was landed—so did all that was left of us from the Dunraven. Me bein' an unlettered man, they didn't run me very clos't. I can't add much more to it.

"As I say, that purser's boat your sister and her sickly husband was in had jest as good a chance as we had. We nigh bumped into each other soon

"We Nigh Bumped Into Each Other After the Dunraven Sunk."

after the Dunraven sank. So, then, we pulled off aways from each other. Then the fog rolled up from the African shore—a heap o' fog, mate. It sponged out the lamp in the purser's boat. We never seen no more of 'em—nor heard no more."

"And were Hannah—were my sister and her husband in that boat?" queried Mr. Stagg thoughtfully.

"I am sure, by the details Benjamin has given me," said Miss Amanda softly, "that your sister and Mr. Cameron were two of its passengers."

"Well, it's a long time ago, now," said the hardware dealer. "Surely, if they had been picked up or had reached the coast of Africa, we would have heard about it."

"It would seem so," the woman agreed gently.

"You never know what may happen at sea, mister, till it happens," Benjamin Hardy declared. "What became of that boat—"

He seemed to stick to that idea. But the possibility of the small boat having escaped seemed utterly preposterous to Mr. Stagg. He arose to depart.

Miss Amanda followed the hardware dealer to the outer door.

"I'm sorry," she said simply.

"Thank—thank you," murmured Joseph Stagg before she closed the door.

He went on to town, his mind strangely disturbed. It was not his sister's fate that filled his heart and brain, but thoughts of Miss Amanda.

She had deliberately broken the silence of years! Of course, it might be attributed to her interest in Carolyn May only, yet the hardware dealer wondered.

CHAPTER XII.

Something Carolyn May Wishes to Know.

Carolyn May's heart was filled with trouble.

This was the result of her first talk with the old sailor. Not from him, nor from anybody else, did Carolyn May get any direct information that the sailor had been aboard the Dunraven on her fatal voyage. But his story awoke in the child's breast doubts and longings, uncertainties and desires that had lain dormant for many weeks.

Uncle Joe and Aunty Rose loved her and were kind to her. But that feeling of "emptiness" that had at first so troubled Carolyn May was returning.

She began to droop. Keen-eyed Aunty Rose discovered this physical change very quickly.

"She's just like a droopy chicken," declared the good woman, "and, goodness knows, I have seen enough of them."

So, as a stimulant and a preventive of "droopiness," Aunty Rose prescribed boneset tea, "plenty of it."

The times a day Carolyn May was dosed with boneset tea. How long the child's stomach would have endured under this treatment will never be known. Carolyn May got no better, that was sure; but one day something happened.

Winter had moved on in its usual frosty and snowy way. Carolyn May had kept up all her interests—after a fashion.

Benjamin Hardy had gone to Adams' camp to work. It seemed he could use a peevy, or cantbook, pretty well, having done something besides sailing in his day. Tim, the hackman, worked at logging in the winter months, too. He usually went past the Stagg place with a team four times each day.

There was something Carolyn May wished to ask Benjamin Hardy, but she did not like to question any one to know what it was—not even Uncle Joe or Aunty Rose. Once in the fall and before the snow came she had ridden as far as Adams' camp with Mr. Parlow. He had gone there for some hickory wood.

But, now, to ride on the empty sled going in and on top of the load of logs coming out of the forest, Carolyn May felt sure, would be much more exciting.

She mentioned her desire to Uncle Joe on a Friday evening.

"Well, now, if it's pleasant, I don't see anything to forbid. Do you, Aunty Rose?" Mr. Stagg returned.

"I presume Tim will take the best of care of her," the woman said. "Maybe, getting out more in the air will make her look less peaked, Joseph Stagg."

The excitement of preparing to go to the camp the next morning brought the roses into Carolyn May's cheeks and made her eyes sparkle. When Tim, the hackman, went into town with his first load he was forewarned by Aunty Rose that he would have company going back.

"Mother of George Washington!" exclaimed Tim. "The boys will near 'bout take a holiday."

There was but one woman in the camp, Judy Mason. She lived in one of the log huts with her husband. He was a sawyer, and Judy did the men's washing.

Benjamin Hardy was pleased, indeed, to see his little friend again.

"You come with me, please," she whispered to the old seaman after dinner. "You can smoke. You haven't got to go back to work yet, and Tim is only just loading his sled. So we can talk."

"Aye, aye, little miss. What'll we talk about?" queried Benjamin cautiously, for he remembered that he was to be very circumspect in his conversation with her.

"I want you to tell me something, Benjamin," she said.

"Sail ahead, matey," he responded with apparent heartiness, filling his pipe meanwhile.

"Why, Benjamin—you must know, you know, for you've been to sea so much—Benjamin, I want to know if it hurts much to be drowned-ed?"

"Hurts much?" gasped the old seaman.

"Yes, sir. Do people that get drownd-ed feel much pain? Is it a sufferin' way to die? I want to know, Benjamin, 'cause my papa and mamma died that way," continued the child, choking a little. "It does seem as though I'd just got to know."

"Aye, aye," muttered the man. "I see. An' I kin tell ye, Carlyn May, as clos't as anybody kin. I've been so near drownin' myself that they thought I was dead when I was hauled inboard.

"Comin' back from drowning is a whole lot worse than bein' drowned. You take it from me."

"Well," sighed Carolyn May, "I'm glad to know that. It's bothered me a good deal. If my mamma and papa had to be ded, maybe that was the nicest way for them to go."

* * * * * * *

Since Joseph Stagg had listened to the rambling tale of the sailor regarding the sinking of the Dunraven, he had borne the fate of his sister and her husband much in mind.

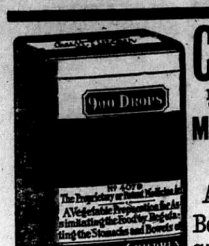
He had come no nearer to deciding what to do with the apartment in New York and its furnishings.

After listening to Benjamin Hardy's story, the hardware dealer felt less inclined than before to close up the affairs of Carolyn May's small "estate." Not that he for a moment believed that there was a possibility of Hannah and her husband being alive. Five months had passed. In these days of wireless telegraph and fast ocean traffic such a thing could not be possible. The imagination of the practical hardware merchant could not visualize it.

(To be Continued)

Will Thorne.

There can be no question that Will Thorne, the Labor member in the British Parliament for West Ham, is a workingman, in the most orthodox sense of that much misused term. There can be no question, moreover, that Will Thorne, through all his years of public life, has stood staunchly for the rights of the workingman. When, therefore, Will Thorne gives his opinion on labor issues, he is entitled to be listened to. Discussing the question of a miners' strike in order to enforce nationalization, the other day, he declared emphatically against any such expedient. "Personally," declared the member for West Ham, "I think a strike would be a foolish and suicidal policy; the easier and the simpler way is to bring about nationalization by political efforts. The working classes in all parts of the country have tremendous political power in their hands, and if they have got the will, they certainly have got the power to bring it about through parliamentary effort."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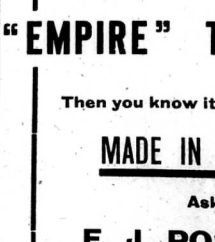

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LATE POTATO SPRAYING

Best Fungicides and Insecticides For This Work.

Bordeaux Mixture for Late Blight and Rot — How and When to Spray Effectively — How to Increase Crop Yields.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

EARLY spraying with Bordeaux mixture and Paris green or arsenate of lead protect potato plants from Early Blight and Potato Beetles. Later sprayings are required as an insurance against Late Blight and Rot of Potatoes, which is the most serious disease of potatoes in Ontario.

This disease usually appears about the middle of July if the weather is at all damp. Therefore, it is necessary to begin spraying for it about the 10th of July. Bordeaux mixture is the only satisfactory fungicide for the control of Late Blight and Rot of Potatoes. A poison should be added when necessary for Potato Beetles, arsenate of lead paste, 3½ lbs. to each 40 gallons of the liquid spray, or Paris green 2 lbs. to 40 gallons, or a mixture of 2 lbs. of arsenate of lead paste and 1 lb. of Paris green to 40 gallons. The number of sprayings required will depend upon the season, the wetter the weather the larger the number. In a wet weather spraying should be done at least once every ten days or two weeks. Do not put off spraying because it looks like rain. If the spray is on the plants half an hour before the rain comes it will be dry and sufficient of it will stick to prevent infection which takes place during or soon after rain. Most of the failures to get results from spraying are due to the fact that the spraying is done after rather than before rain.

Thorough spraying only is effective, and this requires sufficient Bordeaux mixture. For late sprayings from 75 to 100 gallons or even more should be applied per acre at each spraying. Thorough spraying means the covering of every portion of the potato plants with Bordeaux mixture in the form of a fine mist. This can only be done when the solution is applied with a good pressure so as to insure covering every portion of the plant. The best results are obtained when a spray nozzle is used fitted with a T-joint attachment so as to insure covering both surfaces of the leaves during spraying. When the plants are large it has been found that it pays to go over each row twice at each spraying. Spraying must be continued through out August and part of September, even though the plants close in and cover the ground between the rows. Not as much harm as might be expected will be done by the wheels and the increase in yield and soundness of the crop will more than compensate for whatever loss there may be. For convenience in spraying, rows of potatoes should be at least thirty inches apart. Late Blight and Rot is an insurance which few can afford to neglect.—Prof. J. E. Howitt, O. A. College, Guelph.

Lime to Increase Crop Yields.

The soils in many parts of the province are so depleted of their lime that they are becoming sour or acid. This is an important factor, if not the only, of our farm crops can make their best growth on a soil carrying an insufficient supply of lime. This is especially true of leguminous plants and it is probable that the frequent "killing out" of clover during the first winter is due to lack of sufficient lime.

Lime acts in several ways. It neutralizes the acids formed in the soil through the decay of organic matter; it overcomes the tenacity of clay soils, binds sands together and thus improves the physical condition of both types of soil. Lime is not only an essential constituent of the food of plants, but it also tends to liberate plant food, especially potash from the insoluble forms in the soil, bringing them into an available state. The micro-organisms that live on the roots of the nitrogen-gathering plants cannot work in an acid soil, nor can some other forms of organisms whose function it is to form plant food. Consequently it is evident that a soil destitute of lime or even very low in lime cannot produce maximum crops. Coupled with this fact, we have the happy condition that lime is one of the cheapest fertilizers, if we may call it such, that can be purchased.

Lime or Quick Lime is made by heating limestone rock or carbonate of lime to a sufficiently high temperature to break up the compound into the oxide of lime and carbon-dioxide. The former substance is what we know in commercial terms as "fresh burned lime" or "quick lime." If the limestone rock is ground to a fine powder we have "ground limestone" or "agricultural lime." It requires about two tons of this latter substance to be equal to one ton of quick lime, and the prices charged for these are in about the same proportion. Furthermore two tons of the former to one ton of the latter are about the right quantities to apply.

The ground limestone rock is safe on any land in almost any quantity, and may be applied at any time of the year, but when purchased for this purpose before applying, should be ground quicker results; but it should not be ground so fine as to lose its mechanical condition or fertilizers can have so many good things said about them as lime and none of them cost so little money. Go out a little yourself this year.—Prof. R. Harcourt, O. A. College, Guelph.

As a rule the earlier maturing potatoes are the earlier and most profitable growers. By marking these the best breeders may be selected.

Fertilizers.

It must be borne in mind that fertilizers cannot, and will not, take the place of cultivation and good seed. They are not stimulants, but are direct food materials, and, applied judiciously and economically, either to make up the deficiencies of farm-yard manure or in specialized intensive farming, good results will follow.

Keep Flowers on Farm Lawn.

Even if labor is scarce an effort should be made to have at least a few flowers and flowering shrubs on the farm lawn. Beauty has a value that cannot be measured in dollars.

Women of Canada Who Testify

Tillsonburg, Ont.:—"Ever since I can remember, Dr. Pierce's medicines were used in our family at home and they never failed to give good results. The 'Golden Medical Discovery' was used as a tonic and blood purifier and for bronchial trouble, and it proved excellent. I have personally taken 'Golden Medical Discovery' for bronchial trouble, and the 'Favorite Prescription' to build me up when I was run-down and they both were very beneficial. Mother always used Dr. Pierce's Compound Extract of Smart-Weed for pain; it also was very good. I feel safe in recommending all of Dr. Pierce's medicines knowing them to be good."—MRS. CLIFFORD MITCHELL.

Central Butte, Sask.:—"I have used Dr. Pierce's Medical Discovery for a number of years and am pleased to recommend it as a blood purifier. I know it has no equal, as I used it for my boy for tuberculosis of the knee joint. My neighbors and friends were surprised with the results; in fact, I do not think he would be alive today had it not been for the 'Medical Discovery.' I also keep it on hand for coughs as it differs so from other cough medicines, instead of constipating the stomach as most cough syrups do it is good for the stomach. I only wish I had known about Dr. Pierce's medicines sooner."—MRS. PERCY WOOD.

When you take Golden Medical Discovery, you are getting the benefit of the experience of a doctor whose reputation goes all around the earth. Still more, you get a temperance medicine that contains not a drop of alcohol or narcotic of any kind. Long ago Dr. Pierce combined certain valuable vegetable ingredients—without the use of alcohol—so that his remedies always have been strictly temperance medicines.

BEE DISEASES.

European and American Foul-brood Cause Losses.

Bee diseases are of two kinds: Diseases of the adult bee, which, happily in Canada, have so far been of a transient nature, because no effective treatment is known, and diseases of the brood, of which there are three. American foul-brood, European foul-brood and Sacbrood.

Since each of these three diseases is treated differently, and since the first two cause great loss when neglected, it is important that every beekeeper should be able to recognize and distinguish them so as to treat the serious ones effectively and without delay. The diseases affect the larvo or worm stage of the bee.

In American foul-brood the larva just after capping, becomes a coffee colored mass which is so tenacious or ropy that it will not break sometimes to a length of several inches if a tooth pick be inserted into the cell and withdrawn, and it has an unpleasant glue-like odor. The mass dries down to a scale that adheres tightly to the lower wall of the cell. The capping of the cell containing the larva is usually discolored; it is often irregularly perforated, or it may be removed altogether.

In European foul-brood most of the larva are stricken before they are capped over. They lose their shape and collapse at the bottom of the cell, appearing as if they had been melted and turning to a light straw or grey color. The decayed brood has a slightly sour smell to which is sometimes added a strong odor of putrefaction. The mass ropes out either not at all, or but little, and the dried scale is easily removed.

American foul-brood is treated by shaking the bees into a clean hive containing frames fitted with foundation without any of the honey and taking away the combs of brood and honey which contain the spores of the disease. The bees have not the normal access to the honey unless it has been boiled for an hour, although it is fit for human use. The combs may be rendered into wax. The hive should be disinfected by scorching.

European foul-brood is treated by introducing young Italian queens and keeping the colonies strong and well supplied with stores. This disease will spread very rapidly during a honey dearth in late spring and early summer. In severe cases, the colonies should be left queenless for one or two weeks before the Italian queens are introduced.

Sacbrood usually disappears after a few weeks and calls for no treatment.

Soil for Tobacco.

Soil characteristics play a very important part in the yield and quality of all farm crops, and especially is this true of the tobacco plant. While the fertility of soils is the most important factor in tobacco crop yields, there are other factors that play a very important part in determining the quality and hence the market value of the crop.

During the past four seasons, field and parts of fields prepared, manured, planted and cultivated in the same way, and with the same seed and of practically the same fertility as yields, have been identical, have shown marked variation in the quality of the crop. In this article, the word quality is being used to mean ripe, good color, good texture, and good quality—in a word, good tobacco in every case. Many examples have been taken from these trees and the mechanical analysis or composition has been determined for the due-cured, White Burley, and Cigar Tobacco districts.

The finest quality of White Burley has come from the sand and gravel loams which contain not less than 65 per cent. of sand and from 2 to 15 per cent. of clay. Clay, clay loams, and the heavy sandy loams are unsatisfactory for producing a good quality of White Burley tobacco.

The finest quality cigar binders have come from the fine sandy loam soils containing from 2 to 6 per cent. of clay, 10 to 25 per cent. of silt and the remainder fine and very fine sand.

For the best cigar fillers, the soil should be slightly heavier.

The foregoing refers, of course, to soils so situated that the drainage is good.

Sterilize Pruning Tools.

A comparative study of protected and unprotected pruning wounds on apple trees, made at the Minnesota Experiment Station orchards, indicated that protection with wax or paint is of little value unless the wound is well made, and both wound and tools sterilized against disease. Paints and waxes did little to prevent wood decay, because infection may have reached the wound before the covering was applied.

GROWING TOMATOES.

Five Methods Tested and the Results Compared.

Tomatoes should be kept growing from the time the seed germinates until the fruit is ripe. If sown in the hot-bed very early they are likely to receive an injurious check when held back until it is safe to plant them out.

Any good garden soil is suitable for tomatoes. It is usually best to delay manuring the plants until after the first fruit has set. Most amateurs make the mistake of planting in soil that is too rich in nitrogenous manures which produces great vines with but fruit or a very large percentage of green fruit. Once the fruit has set, then liquid or other forms of manure may be applied generously.

A series of experiments were conducted with two varieties, "Bonny Best" and "Sparks Earliana," for several years at the Charlottetown Experimental Station, to determine the best method of growing tomatoes. Five methods were used with each variety as follows: No. 1.—The plants were set four feet apart each way and the plants allowed to spread over the ground. They were unpruned and left lying on the ground.

No. 2. Planted two feet by four feet apart. The tomatoes were pruned to two stems and tied to wires.

No. 3. Planted two feet by four feet apart. The tomato plants were pruned to one stem and tied to stakes.

No. 4. Planted two feet by four feet apart, pruned to one stem and tied to wires.

No. 5. Planted two feet by four feet apart, pruned to one stem, tied to stakes and one half of the foliage removed during the ripening period.

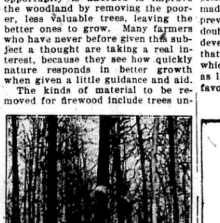
The first method produced the greatest quantity of fruit each year with both varieties. The tomatoes were later ripening than with the other methods and the total quantity of ripe fruit from the plot was less than on the plots grown by the second method, where the plants were pruned to two stems and fastened up with wires. The second method gave the largest returns of ripe fruit. This was closely followed by method No. 3, which produced the most early ripe fruit though not the greatest quantity. The removal of the foliage in method No. 5, decreased the quantity of both ripe and green fruit, but greatly increased the percentage of ripe fruit on the plants.

Cutting Cordwood.

In cutting cordwood, an excellent opportunity is afforded to improve the woodland by removing the poorer, less valuable trees, leaving the better ones to grow. Many farmers who have never before given this subject a thought are taking a real interest, because they see how quickly nature responds in better growth when given a little guidance and aid.

The kinds of material to be removed for firewood include trees unsuitable for lumber, crooked trees crowding straight ones, badly diseased and decaying trees, small trees overtopped and stunted by larger and better ones, dead trees that are mostly worthless, tops left from forest cuttings, and trees of the less valuable kinds, where others of greater value are present which will grow faster money-making trees. Handling farm woodlands rightly is an indispensable part of profitable farm management.

If lists of manufacturers or other information are desired regarding portable wood-sawing outfits, and wood-splitting and tree-felling machinery, the forest service of the Department of Agriculture will be glad to furnish such material upon request.



Clean Up the Woodlot and Get a Supply of Fuel for Winter at Same Time.

Lightning Rods.

Though electric storms reach their highest frequency during the heat of summer, the failure of crops in the spring, and fire losses caused by lightning are by no means unknown in May and early June.

Lightning rods have proved an almost absolute protection. Only in very rare instances have they been known to fail, and even in these cases the failure was probably due to defect installation or to deterioration.

Examine your lightning rod installations for broken insulators, for bends in the cable which allow contact with the framework, or for corrosion where it enters the earth. The latter is an important point. The electricity is carried into the ground by means of the cable; if it corrodes, the ground connection is thereby broken, a fire is liable to result. See to it that the cable is sound and deep enough in the ground to always be in damp earth.

When building wire fences it is always advisable to use ground wires not less every two rods. Lightning is attracted by wire fencing, and as during a storm animals will congregate near fences many of them are killed by contact with the wire. These grounds may be made of No. 9 gauge wire given one turn around each strand of the fence and carried into the earth beside the fence posts.

Canadian Dairy Production.

The Dominion Monthly Bulletin of Agricultural statistics reports that the value of Canadian dairy production increased from $146,000,000 in 1915, to $252,000,000 in 1919. The value of dairy holdings in farm animals in Canada increased in the same time from $73,968,000 to $3,462,000.

GAY TOGGERY AT DANCES IN PARIS

Wealth of Beautiful Color is Expressed in Clothes of the Richly Attired Women.

JABOT DRESSES IN EVIDENCE

Outfit is Striking for Afternoon Wear; Almost Gaudy Silks Combined in Wonderful Way With Other Material.

The popularity of the dansant and the revival of the tango in Paris have had a remarkable influence on dress, writes a French fashion correspondent. The smart places where people gather for afternoon dancing have become centers of fashion. There are those who do not go to dance but simply to study the clothes, not only for the styles themselves, but for the wealth of beautiful color that is expressed in many of them, for this dancing craze has been the means of introducing unusual colorings of Spanish origin into our clothes.

Jabot dresses are still a very strong feature in Paris fashions; one sees an endless number of them at afternoon dances. The jabot skirt, when topped by a simple little bodice, makes a remarkably pretty afternoon dress. In fact, nothing could be more attractive than such a model when developed in a soft, clinging fabric. But all have not these modest corsages. There are extreme ones having sleeveless bodices almost as decollete as an evening gown.

One worn recently at a tea dance in Paris, too extreme to be worn by American women as an afternoon dress, would make a charming informal dinner frock. The original is developed in black satin and silver lace, the lace forming the jabot cascade down the sides of the draped skirt. A straight piece of the lace goes about the figure to make an under portion for the surplice bodice of black satin.

Old Favorites in New Patterns.

A great many beautiful new fabrics have large designs printed in bright colors. The fashion for having frocks made to match coat linings, which prevailed during the past winter, no doubt had a great deal to do with the development and elaboration of silks that were similar to the materials which we have been wont to employ as linings for wraps only. Many old favorites have returned to us in new guises as a result of the extensive use of these silks. Chiffon is one that has followed the lead of gay patterned silks.

To read of a chiffon frock in which the material printed in a large design of two colors is combined with chiffon in two solid tones might give you the impression of a decidedly bizarre gown, but one has been developed in just this way and the result obtained by such a combination is simple and quaint.

In marriage, as the French say, of two colors, navy blue and white, is wonderfully worked out in this design. There is just enough of the deep blue in the upper part of the dress to accentuate this note without making the dress dark. Where the printed fabric, which is white with a large blue design, joins the plain one, lace entre-deux is used for outlining the edges of the points and the oblique ends of the panels.

Chiffon Finds Fountain of Youth.

The straight line figure is preserved through the draped blouse, which is made entirely of the printed chiffon and has a fichu collar of pure white chiffon, also elaborated with the entre-deux. This dress is quite as charming when developed in emerald green and white or cerise and white.

To days gone by we thought of printed chiffon as suitable only for elderly ladies' afternoon dresses; probably because this fabric was made in subdued colors and rather proper designs. But this making of chiffon in big patterns and brilliant shades has given it a new lease of life, so that now printed chiffons are quite the rage.

Jenny, whose models, while always beautiful, never were lovelier than they are this spring, uses quantities of printed chiffons combined with plain materials. In one instance she unites bright red foulard with chiffon having a large black and white pattern.

This dress has a long-waisted blouse joined to a tunic skirt with entre-deux, very much after the manner of the model just described, a point of difference, however, lying in the fact that the blouse, which is of the chiffon, is cut in a pointed design and applied to the foulard skirt. By using a long smock blouse Mme. Jenny cleverly gives the effect of a chemise dress.

Lovelier Dresses Than Ever Before.

There is a large rolling collar of the red silk draped about a rather low-cut neck on the chiffon blouse. It is really wonderful the way these very bright—almost gaudy—silks are being combined with figured or plain silks as well as chiffons and made into dresses lovelier than any we have ever had.

Even serge dresses have become frivolous to be in keeping with the gay dresses seen at the fashionable thes dansants. While these dresses have for a long time been somewhat enlivened by embroideries and trimmings of colored leather, the introduction of lingerie effects into them is something which we have not seen for many a season.

The woman who liked above everything else in her dress effects that were becoming and feminine regretted the passing of the always flattering lingerie collar. Many said, when it became the mode to wear dresses with severe necklines, quite unadorned except for the occasional use of embroidered bands or a bit of dark fur, that women would not adopt a fashion so lacking in flattering aids to beauty.

But that most women are willing to follow the prevailing fashions is attested by the fact that lingerie collars were nowhere seen in assemblages of women who made any pretensions to being smartly dressed. Their absence was a comparatively brief one, however, for now lingerie effects have returned.

One of the smartest of the new serge frocks, which has white organdie as its trimming, was seen at an afternoon dance. The color of the cloth was very dark blue and displayed to excellent advantage the fluted organdie trimming which took the form of a flaring Medici collar that continued down the front of the dress to the waistline in the form of a vest.

Box Coats, One-Piece Dresses.

Box coats are not confined to regulation suits. At the Maison Worth, as well as at other great Paris houses, the box coat has been incorporated into the idea of a three-piece suit—that is to say, the one-piece dress has a straight box coat to be worn over it. Instead of having a contrasting vest these are open in the front to reveal the full length of the frock. Ever so many of these coats which match frocks have high, straight collars buttoning closely about the neck. These are unusual on loose coats that do not close at the front.

Every woman who loves simplicity and comfort in dress will be delighted to know that the best houses are still featuring the straight-line frock. A typical Parisian model is made of white tussah silk almost on the lines of a coat dress with the one slide fastening. This closing shows a binding of black satin, which continues in a straight line to form a finish for the high, close-fitting collar. The skirt portion is slit at the front to show an underskirt of black satin.

Sleeveless dress worn recently at an afternoon tea dance in Paris. It is developed in black satin, the skirt having a jabot drapery of lace.

KERCHIEF ADDS TO COSTUME

Accessory Formerly Kept in Hiding Now Must Be in Evidence to Display Good Taste.

Once a pocket handkerchief was supposed to be an inconspicuous article. Its very name implied that. When pockets disappeared it was hidden under the sleeve of the basque that was in the eighties. When basques went out, handkerchiefs were tucked into sleeves. Later they hid themselves in handbags. Now, however, they are supposed to show and indeed no one can hide them, for their lively color makes a spot of brightness in the costume. Four gay modern 'kerchiefs were noted recently. One has a jacquard pattern in blue and black on a gray-blue ground. One has a Persian design printed on a reddish tan background. And two have conventional flower printings on a ground of pastel color. These lively handkerchiefs are to be used with the tailored utility suit or the sport suit. When one is formally dressed for afternoon or evening, the correct mouchoir is spotlessly white, of exquisitely fine linen and may be embroidered delicately in one corner with very small initial.

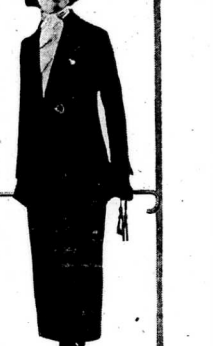
Afternoon dress of printed blue and white chiffon combined with solid blue and having a fichu of pure white. Real lace entre-deux is used

WHEN USING WILSON'S FLY PADS

READ DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY AND FOLLOW THEM EXACTLY

For more effective than Sticky Fly Catchers. Sold by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

CHIC BRAID-TRIMMED SUIT



This is a strictly American fashion in a braid-trimmed walking suit which is sure to appeal to many women.

FANS THAT WILL INTEREST

New Models Are Inspired by Egypt and Greece; Novelty From Uncurled Ostrich.

New fans are made of aigrette and paradise. These only the European may enjoy, as the bird law of America prevents their import. For export trade eagle and vulture plumes are being brought into fashion. In the effort to provide something new and interesting models are being brought out in stripped ostrich, which closely imitates aigrette and coque. The squat Egyptian and rounded Greek forms are being much used.

A novelty fan in East Indian design is made from uncurled ostrich, the delicate fronds springing from a metal shell, which serves in the place of sticks. The fronds fall in a graceful one-side sweep. The stock of the fan is of tortoise shell and from the shell ring falls a long silken tassel.

Another takes its inspiration from the fans of the ancient Egyptian beauties. This one, in the form of a square, is developed in imitation aigrette, made of ostrich feathers and mounted on shell sticks.

Pure white eagle feathers make still another new fan of Greek design. To be in keeping with the feathers of this model the fan is sure of ivory, set with pearls and diamonds, and the fan is carried on a platinum chain.

LINES LONGER, WAIST LOWER

Method Most Often Employed is Draping of Sash Low About the Hips.

In all of the new clothes prepared for this spring the carrying of the longer line appears. This is done in various ways. Perhaps the method most often employed is the draping of a sash low about the hips. This low tied sash is the favorite method of giving the straight chemise dress—which still remains in fashion—the low waistline appearance. It is only necessary to tie a softly draped piece of material about last year's chemise dress to place it in the front rank of this spring's fashions.

For those who wish to economize, this really offers an excellent opportunity. Each woman may satisfy her own taste in the manner of tying her sash. It may be at the side or in the back; some of them even tie in small bows at the front. There is just as much leeway, too, in the width and length of these sashes, which may be puffy bows with ends that are little longer than the loops themselves, or the ends may be very long, in some instances hanging below the bottom of the skirt. Putting wide sashes on chemise dresses is a decided departure from the narrow string belts, that have girdled the chemise frock heretofore.

The Old Bertha Returns.

As one looks over the offerings one finds now and then an old familiar note. For instance, one frequently sees lace bertha collars on chemises appear on lingerie dresses, lace ones especially. (Really, lace frocks are threatening the georgette ones!) On one charming frock of pink crepe de chine there was featured the lace bertha in val lace. To complete the picture of which it was a part when last it was in our midst, puffed sleeves and a full skirt appeared with it. And there was a sash, too. It was of the lace old double-bow variety.

Ribbon on Lingerie.

Two-toned and flowered ribbon is to be seen on many new pieces of lingerie and on sets described as suitable for the bridal trousseau.

Fleet Foot Outing Shoes!

in all styles for

Boys, Girls, Men and Women.

Girls' Pumps $2.00

Childs' Pumps and Tennis Boots.

WEISS BROS,

Two Stores

NAPANEE, & TRENTON

THE WEDDING GIFT!

You will be called upon to purchase a wedding gift. You will be anxious to have your selection show good taste, and have quality to stand the test for years of wear.

These points we always study in purchasing our stock. During this month we have placed in stock fine selections of

Cut Glass, Silverware, and China

suitable articles for the numerous weddings.

Call and see our stock. You will have no trouble to make a selection.

The old reliable Napanee Jewellery Store

Established 50 years.

F. W. Smith & Bro.

Wedding Rings.
Licenses.
Engagement Rings.

Clearance Sale of

MEN'S AND BOYS' WORK BOOTS AT COST

At such low prices it will pay you to buy these boots now even if you do not need them before fall.

Men's Tan Solid Leather Work Boots, reg. $6.00.... **Sale $5.00**
Men's Black Chrome Solid Leather Work Boots, reg. $6.50 ..... **Sale $5.25**
Men's Black, reg. $5.00 **Sale $4.00**
Men's 12 inch Tan, reg. $8.00..... **Sale $6.00**
Boys' 10 inch Tan, reg. $5.00..... **Sale $4.00**
Boys' Tan, heavy, reg. $4.95..... **Sale $3.95**
Boys' Tan, Military, reg. $5.00.... **Sale $4.00**
Men's Military, reg. $7.50..... **Sale $6.00**
Youths' Sporting Shoe, reg. $2.25 **Sale $1.90**
Boys' Black Fine Boots, reg. $4.00 **Sale $3.00**
Boys' Tan Fine Boots, reg. $4.00 **Sale $3.00**

J. WILKINS,

Boot Repair Store,

Opposite Royal Hotel.

Callouses or Pain There are signs of a weakened transverse arch. One or more of the little bones across the ball of the foot are displaced, causing unevenness of pressure. The sole of the foot forward and little toe joints enlarge and a crampike pain known as Morton's Toe develops.

This condition, as well as sores, bunions, broken down arches, weak ankles and all forms of foot trouble is quickly relieved and the cause permanently corrected by the use of

Dr Scholl's

Foot Comfort Appliances

It does not matter what your foot troubles are, how long you have sought relief or how many times you have failed, you will find comfort and correction in the Dr. Scholl line of Foot Comfort Appliances and Remedies.

Consult Our Foot Specialist

He is a Graduate Practipedist—a man who knows all about foot troubles and how to make foot wear cool and comfortable. Examination and advice free. See us today.

The Haines Shoe Houses

Notice to Camera Owners

Developing, Printing and Enlarging. Expert work guaranteed **I am not an amateur.** No need of sending your work out of town when you can have it done better and more promptly here. Regular prices. Use our films for good results. Cameras for sale. Mail orders addressed to box 466 will receive every attention. Office on John street, next door to Shepherd's grocery.

Mrs. R. B. Shipman

New Perfection and Florence Oil Stoves and Ovens, at DAVY & ALLISON'S.

Messrs. Davey & Allison have purchased the Witham property on Dundas street, now occupied by them.

Marvello works wonders, dissolves grease and dirt. Try it on floors, paint or glass. For sale at THOMPSON BROS., Market Grocery.

Mr. Sidney Dryden, who was burned with gasolene on Thursday of last week, is sinking fast. Pneumonia has developed and his condition is hopeless.

Call at ALLEN'S MUSIC STORE to see and hear the celebrated Sherlock - Manning London 88 note piano—player equipped, with copper wound bass strings.

The Canadian and Canadian National Express Agencies have been combined, with Mr. A. G. Taylor, of the Canadian Express, as agent in charge.

Mrs. Harriet Tomkins, who lives with her son, Frank, at Newburgh, celebrated the ninetieth anniversary of her birth on Monday. The old lady sems fit to look forward to anniversaries yet to come.

At the post office at Deseronto is to be seen a very fine specimen of the skin of the water snake, which is so common in the waters of the Bay of Quinte. This skin measures four feet one inch. It is four inches around in its biggest part.

A pretty wedding took place on Thursday of last week at Gananoque, when Rev. R. W. Spencer united in marriage Miss Mabel Marion, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. B. Orr, Gananoque, to William Wilson Graham, only son of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Graham, Enterprise. The bride looked a picture of girlish loveliness in a gown of charmeuse satin and a large picture hat of pink georgette and flowers.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Alpine Woods, Napanee, was filled to capacity Saturday evening, when students of the N.C.I. met to say a word of farewell to Miss Locklin, who has accepted a splendid position in Ottawa. Raymond Rodgers read the address, and Miss Pearl Vanalstine presented her, on behalf of the students, with a beautiful club bag. Miss Locklin, although greatly surprised, made a most appropriate reply.

The death of Mrs. Samuel Corby (nee Winnifred Alberta Brant) youngest daughter of Mrs. Phoebe Brant, and the late Wm. C. Brant, Deseronto, at the Hotel Dieu, Kingston, came as a shock to her many friends. Deceased was born on July 19th, 1893, and was married on May 27th, last. Besides a grief stricken husband the late Mrs. Corby leaves to mourn her loss a mother, a sister, Miss Rena, and three brothers, John, of Point Ann; James of Niagara; and Andrew at home. The funeral took place on June 15th from her mother's home.

Anyone who has essayed to climb any of the Rockies will recognize in John Harker's, "Mount Stephen With Martha" the actual portrayal of experiences of the novice in mountaineering. The author of this, the first of a series of humorous Martha stories, is a well known member of the Canadian Alpine Club and his amusing story appears in ROD AND GUN IN CANADA for July. "At the Mercy of he Flames" is the title of a thrilling story of actual experience with a bush fire written by a ranger, Earl Dalton Tipping. The concluding installment of Harry M. Moore's interesting story, "The Silver King," appears along with several other good stories in this issue of Canada's national sportsmen's monthly. The various departments dealing with the activities of rod, gun and canoe in Canada are up to their usual high standard. Several valuable articles appear giving valuable hints to campers and outdoorsmen in this month's issue. ROD AND GUN IN CANADA is published monthly by W. J. TAYLOR, LIMITED, WOODSTOCK, ONT.

Berger's Paris Green and Arsenate of lead are death to the potato bug nuisance. You get them at **Wilson's Hardware Store**

Maple Sugar.

The maple tree in early springtime becomes a syrup jug. It is mighty good syrup, too, when one can get the real stuff.

The puzzle used to be how and why this happens. Now the secret is understood.

Beneath the bark of the maple's trunk and branches is a cellular structure, in which starch is stored. The starch is food, and when spring comes it is wanted to make new growth.

But the tree cannot digest starch, and therefore the latter is converted by enzymes (inorganic ferments) into sugar. The sugar, dissolved in the tree sap, is carried in the form of a thin syrup to all parts of the tree, distributing nourishment.

The syrup flows upward and outward toward the twigs and budding leaves, and the warmth of the sun causes it to expand. There is gas, too, in the cellular structure of the sap wood, and it expands under the same genial influence.

The result is a pressure downward, and so, when a hole is bored in the tree trunk the syrup trickles out. A good-sized sugar maple tree will yield fifty quarts, or enough to make three pounds of sugar when boiled down.

Left a Cloud In Its Wake.

An airplane flying over Munich on May 11 of last year flying at a height of more than five miles left behind it a long narrow streak of cloud, which persisted for more than an hour and attained a length of more than thirty miles. The cloud gradually broadened, and was marked by waves or knots at intervals. Spectators compared its shape to that of the skeleton of a snake, with vertebrae regularly spaced along it. At one time this cloud drifted over the sun, and a fragment of the 22-degree halo appeared, indicating that the cloud was composed of ice particles as would be expected at that height. Similar incidents have been reported from other quarters.

"Pamo" makes old straw and panama hats look like new and won't turn them yellow. Get a bottle at WALLACE'S Drug Store.

PERSONALS

Mrs. M. S. Madole spent last week the guest of Mrs. Emsley at Oshawa.

Mrs. Manly Conger, Syracuse, N. Y., is visiting friends in Napanee.

Mrs. E. Goodwin and son, Arnoit, of Toronto, are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Skinner.

Miss Mazie Madole spent a few days last week in Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. Cottle left last week for their new home in Toronto.

Mrs. Giroux, of Timmins, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. C. A. Graham.

Miss Irene Cowan, Woodstock, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. Wilson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dunbar spent the week-end with friends in Kingston.

Mr. Fred Maybee, Kichhener, is spending a few days with his family in Napanee.

Mrs. Huffman and two daughters, Misses Pearl and Carmaletta, of Minneapolis, Minn., were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Freeborn, Maple Ave., last week.

Mrs. G. P. Carr left on Friday last for Muskoka lakes to spend the summer with her mother.

Dr. and Mrs. Hollis, of Toronto, are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hambly.

Mrs. Silas Woodcock is visiting her daughter in Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Herrington were in Belleville on Saturday attending the funeral of the late Mrs. Clermont Carroll.

Mr. J. M. Crank, of the Royal Bank staff, has been transferred to Perth branch.

Mr. and Mrs. Meyers returned from Rochester on Saturday.

Mrs. Robert Foster, Renfrew, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Robt. Webster.

Mrs. F. Riches, and little son, Lindsay, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Williams.

Miss. Alma Thompson left on Saturday to spend two months with friends in Western Canada.

Mr. and Mrs. Mowat, Toronto, spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. Stanley Wales.

Mrs. E. J. Corkill is visiting her mother at Harriston.

Mrs. Alex. Bradburn and son, Wesley, of Caro, Mich., are visiting her sisters, Mrs. J. F. Smith, South Napanee.

Mr. and Mrs. Shaw, Toronto, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Grange.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Walters and family have gone to Watercombe for the summer.

Mr. J. B. Allison spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Sherwood, Sydenham.

Mrs. Webb, Miss Josephine Vrooman, Miss Beulah Spencer, Miss Jessie Hawley, and Mr. Ivan Spencer are spending a week at Sans Souci.

Mr. and Mrs. Wiggins have opened their summer camp at Watercombe.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Boyes and family have gone to Watercombe for the summer.

Miss Bessie Sherwood, Toronto, spent the week-end with her parents at Sydenham.

Mrs. W. K. Pruyn has returned from Toronto.

Mr. Harry Davy left on Saturday for his home in Vancouver, B. C.

Mrs. D. A. Nesbitt, Kingston, spent Tuesday with Mrs. Clarence Vine.

Mr. Grant Dickinson, Toronto, spent Thursday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Dickinson.

Mrs. Williams, Toronto, and Mrs. Nash, Kingston, were visiting their sister, Mrs. M. B. Judson, last week.

Mr. Kenneth Ham who is attending Osgood Hall, Toronto, is spending a few days this week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ham.

Mr. Ernest Edwards, St. Catherines, spent Sunday last week with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. Wilson, leaving on Wednesday for New York to take a summer course.

BIRTHS

McKittrick—At Napanee, on Saturday, June 26th, 1920, to Mr. and Mrs. B. McKittrick, a son.

MARRIAGES

Vine—Young—At Roblin, on Wednesday, June 30th, 1920, by Rev. R. Garrett, Myrtle Elizabeth Young, of Richmond, to Percy S. Vine, of Napanee.

DEATHS

Caton—At 35 Brookmount road, Toronto, on Monday, June 28th, 1920, Jane Perry, widow of the late N. A. Caton, of Napanee.

Carroll—In Belleville, Thursday, June 24th, 1920, Mrs. Charlotte M. J. Carroll, eldest daughter of the late Horace Yeomans.

Pringle—At Vancouver, B. C., on May 31st, 1920, Ira Pringle, in his 92nd year.

Wakelin—At Adolphustown, on Wednesday, June 30th, 1920, Sidney Samuel Wakelin, aged 23 years, 1 month.

Whitmarsh—At Napanee, on Monday, June 28th, 1920, Elgin Whitmarsh, aged 43 years, 2 months, 25 days.

Royal Salaries.

The King of Italy, who has voluntarily reduced his allowance from the state, has been, since the downfall of the Central Empires, the most highly-paid ruler in Europe, his yearly official salary being $3,000,000.

As he, however, has to set aside nearly three-quarters of his income for non-personal expenses, the best paid of monarchs seems to be King Alfonso, whose $1,400,000 a year is his to do pretty much as he pleases with.

The Emperor of Germany's salary used to be $2,680,000 per annum, and the Emperor of Austria's $4,500,000.

Scottish experts have found that the African baobab tree yields a fibre that is one of the finest paper-making materials.

"Money Back" is a Good Idea, but we have a Better One:

Money's Worth and Over, on Every Sale

This will be more than true during July, because we are featuring many reductions.

READ THESE ITEMS

ODD LINES OF MEN'S SUITS, BOYS' FIRST LONG PANT SUITS AT SUBSTANTIAL REDUCTIONS

After a busy season of Suit Selling in our Men's Clothing Department, we find a lot of odd lines and sizes have accumulated, forty six suits all told, comprising different models.

There are single breasted sacque, fancy suits with belts and waist line, stout men's suits, boy's first long pant suits.

The materials are good, strong, dependable Tweeds. Colorings are mixtures of Grey, Green, Fawn, Brown and Blue. Patterns are neat stripes, checks and homespun effects. We are anxious to dispose of these odd lines and in order to do so have marked them at a saving of from **$5.00 to $8.50 on a suit.** All sizes from 32 to 46 are included in the showing. Any one of these suits would be a splendid investment at the price, even if you do not require a suit until fall. SEE THEM.

MEN'S ODD TROUSERS

Perchance you may require a pair of Odd Trousers to finish out your old coat. We have a splendid assortment at prices that are correct. **From $4.50 to$10.00.** Our biggest assortment however, is at **$7.50.** In neat stripe and checks of Brown, light and dark greys and fawn. Sizes are from 30 to 48 inch waist, have loops for belt, five pockets, and may be finished with or without cuffs. You will find them splendidly tailored.

SPECIAL VALUES IN OUR BOY'S CLOTHING SECTION—SUITS OF TWEED THAT ARE DRESSY, STYLISH, AND BEST OF ALL, ABSOLUTELY DEPENDABLE FOR WORKMANSHIP AND WEARING QUALITIES

Ous showing of Boy's Suits will appeal to parents and boys alike. Up-to-date models in neat patterns and colorings. Suits made in Canada's best Clothing Factories and priced at least 20 per cent less than to-day's market values.

We are justly proud of them and would be pleased to have you see them. If you are unable to come, send the boys along and you can depend upon them receiving the same attention as though you were with them.

A BOY'S HOT WEATHER OUTFIT FOR $1.50

Including a Jersey in Grey, Navy, or White and a pair of bib overalls in plain blue or blue with white stripe, sizes 20 to 30. The whole outfit for $1.50. Just right for hot weather and a splendid tub saver.

SPECIAL HALF HOLIDAY SALE OF MEN'S FANCY SILK HOSE ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 7TH

Men, here is your opportunity to save a shilling. For Wednesday morning we are placing on sale 60 pairs of Fancy Silk Hose, in all sizes, 10, 10½, and 11. The colorings are Brown and Green. This is an exceptionally good value and has been a good seller. Summer has just commenced, so you will have lots of opportunity to wear silk hose.

The regular price is $1.25 per pair. For Wednesday morning only, **95 cents a pair.**

BOYS' COTTON JERSEYS.

Another shipment to hand of Boy's Summer Jerseys, mostly Navy with Cardinal, also Grays, Khakis, Whites in some sizes. Zimmerknit Brand. Sizes 24 to 32. **50 cents each.**

MEN'S SPORT SHIRTS

For outdoor sports or for hot weather there is no shirt like a sport shirt. We have a couple of particularly good lines for your choosing. One in all white body, with white collar, the other in all white body with assorted colored collars. Sizes from 14 to 16. Price **$1.75 and $2.25 each.**

BOY'S COOL SHIRTS

For the hot weather we are showing a real nice blue Chambry shirt for boys. These are well made, full sized, and have the collar attached. Sizes from 12 to 14. Price **$1.00** each.

Men's Coatless Suspenders, 2 and 4 point. Price 50 cents a pair.

MEN'S WHITE COTTON NIGHT ROBES

Specially priced at $1.50, $2.00, $2.50.

We have not all sizes in each price, but every size from 14½ to 18 is represented in our stock. These are wonderful values to-day and it will pay you to stock up. Ask to see them.

BATHING SUITS FOR MEN AND BOYS

Are you prepared for the bathing season? If not, let us show you some real good values.

FOR MEN—Navy body, Cardinal trim, **$1.25.** Navy body, Orange trim, **$1.25**

FOR BOYS—Navy body, Cardinal trim, **$1.00.** These suits are one piece with skirt.

HOSIERY SPECIALS FOR JULY

LADIES FIBRE SILK HOSE—Regular $1.00 a pair, Sale Price 88 cents a pair.

Ladies Fibre Silk Hose with silk in leg measuring 18 inches, lisle top, with double lisle hem, extra reinforced heels and toes, color Black only, in sizes 8-2 to 10.

LADIES WHITE SILK HOSE—Special at $1.00 a pair.

Ladies artificial Silk Hose, plated on fine lisle, which make them a little heavier in weight than the regular silk hose. They also have good wearing qualities, with double silk sole, double lisle heels and toes, color white only, sizes 8-2 to 10.

LADIES BROWN LISLE HOSE—Special at 50 cents a pair

Ladies Fine combed lisle hose in a dark brown shade, double garter hem at top, high spliced heels and toes, double sole, sizes 8-2 to 10.

EMBROIDERIES FOR CHILDREN'S WEAR AT $1.00, $1.25 A YARD

27 inch Swiss Embroidery, suitable for children's dresses. These come in neat, dainty patterns, embroidered in open or solid designs, on sheer lawn, with button hole embroidered edge, price **$1.00, $1.25 yard.**

CORSET COVER EMBROIDERIES

18 inch Corset Cover Embroidery, embroidered on fine nainsook or lawn in patterns solid or open, button hole embroidered edge with beading. Priced at **50 cents, 75 cents yard**

CAMISOLE LACE

Filet and Duchesse Lace in widths from 2 to 6 inches for trimming Camisoles, with beading at top and lower edge in points or deep scallops. Designs are mostly in Roses or Daisies Prices range **15 cents to 50 cents a yard.**

SCOTCH ZEPHYRS AND GINGHAMS FOR HOUSE OR STREET WEAR

They comprise the most in service, appearance, and economy. The patterns include stripes, checks, plain shades, with plaids predominating, in shades of Green, Pink, Sky, Navy, Tan, Mauve and Black, beautifully blended so that there is not a clashing color. The plaids are so designed that a stout person can wear them equally as well as the slim figures.

CANADIAN GINGHAMS, 27 inches wide, in plain, checks, stripes and plaids at **35, 40, 45 cents a yard**

SCOTCH PLAID ZEPHYRS in the Anderson make, noted for their fast colors, A good range to choose from at **60 cents a yard**

Two other lines of Plaid Gingham, best English make, in the most tempting plaids we have ever offered at **75** and **90** cents per yard. **Samples sent on Request.**

BUY W.S.S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

THE ROBINSON CO., LIMITED

BUY W.S.S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS